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PREFACE TO THE FROGS.

THE Frogs is a comedy written to throw ridicule on Euripides, and on the tone of thought which he promoted and represented. Aristophanes was, if we may call him by a modern name, a rigid Conservative of the most unflinching type. He looked with the greatest abhorrence upon the gradual development of Democracy at Athens; as well the principle itself, as the admitted evils which accompanied it. In the old times, he thought, the state had been well ruled; the standard of patriotism, valour, piety and simplicity of life, developed by the Persian Wars, had been a very high and noble one; and since Democracy had begun to rear its head, everything had changed continuously for the worse. The government was in the hands of the vulgarest, loudest, and corruptest demagogues, whose valour was shamelessness, and whose patriotism was avarice; art was degenerate; manners were degraded; religion was undermined; morality was shaken; and all social stability was endangered.

Of those who had promoted this change, Euripides manifestly was one of the most eminent. In his poetry, which attained a vast popularity at Athens, and won a proportionate influence, Aristophanes found everything combined to excite his indignation. The grandeur, the nobility, the massiveness, the piety, the reverence for old institutions and modes of thought, which had rung through every line of Aeschylus, was lost. In its place was only infinite cleverness, as fatal as it was attractive. No old established belief was safe from the new spirit of questioning and subtle criticism. The Gods, the constitution, the wisdom of ancestors, the common principles of morality, the social and domestic virtues, all in their turn were submitted to the action of this novel scepticism, and all in their turn suffered by it. These blind guides were the worst enemies of the state; and against

PREFACE.

Euripides, accordingly, as the most eminent of them, Aristophanes directed his most implacable hostility, which not even the death of the poet, (as the poems did not die), could at all mitigate.

A further stimulus was supplied by the political situation. The Great War, begun with the brightest auspices for the Democracy, had proved a bitter disappointment. After the failure of the Sicilian expedition, their disappointment became despair. The oligarchical reaction of 411, which had brought the Four Hundred into power, had, it is true, proved abortive. But the Conservative party were the peace party, and must have been strengthened by the ill success of the war.

The plot of the play is simple enough.

Euripides (and Sophocles) had died the year before (406); and Dionysus is supposed to have gone to Arginusae, and, reading a play of Euripides on board ship, to have desired to fetch him back from Hades. So he dresses up like Heracles, takes a slave with him, and goes down to look for the poet. This situation is for a comedian too good a chance to be lost. Accordingly the three first scenes are taken up with describing the comic incidents of his lescent.

Then comes the battle royal between Aeschylus and Euripides below, of which Dionysus is arbiter. First they criticise each other's prologues; then at last they weigh their poetry, verse against verse, in scales. It is needless to say that Aeschylus comes off the victor in every contest, and that Dionysus, though at first he preferred Euripides, finally chooses the other.

We must not be surprised that Aristophanes does not more bring to the front his real objections to Euripides. Alike on social, political, religious, and artistic grounds, he hated him; and his object was to ridicule and discredit him by any means in his power; the broader, the more effective. Of this a good instance is found in the famous $\lambda\eta\kappa i\theta i\sigma v$ denoted some of the dirt would stick, he cared neither how much he threw, nor how undeserved it was.

DRAMATIS PERSONAE.

Διόνυσος.

Zaνθίας, his slave.

Ήρακλης.

Nexpós, a dead man.

Xάρων, the ferryman of Hades.

Alakos, appearing as Pluto's house-porter.

Θεράπαινα, a servant of Persephone.

Two πανδοκεύτριαι or hostesses.

Εὐριπίδης,)

 $Al\sigma\chi\dot{\nu}\lambda\sigmas$, the poets.

Πλούτων, the king of Hades.

Βάτραχοι, the frogs.

Chorus of Mystae, or initiated.

The scene is at first on earth, and is then shifted to the Infernal Regions.

The play was acted at the Lenaean festival, in January, B.C. 405

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SCENE I.

Enter DIONYBUS, in a saffron-coloured gown (like those worn by women or effeminate men in Athens), with a lion's skin thrown over it; on his feet are red women's slippers, and a club in his hand; his face is florid, and he has a fine projecting paunch. The club and lion's skin are intended to disguise him like Heracles; and the absurdity of his appearance consists in the ridiculous mixture of the effeminate and the heroic in his costume. Along with him comes the slave Xanthias, dressed in the usual sleeveless tunic, sitting on a donkey, and carrying on his shoulder Dionybus' luggage, mattrass, &c., slung over a porter's stick.

The scene is a country lane in Attica, with the house of HERACLES on one side of the stage. During the beginning of the scene they go slowly on, and reach the door of the house at line 28.

- ΞΑ. Εἶπω τι τῶν εἰωθότων, ὧ δέσποτα,
 ἐφ' οἶς ἀεὶ γελῶσιν οἱ θεώμενοι;
- ΔΙ. νὴ τὸν Δί' ὅ τι βούλει γε, πλὴν ' πιέζομαι,' τοῦτο δὲ φύλαξαι· πάνυ γάρ ἐστ' ἤδη γολή.
- ΞΑ. μηδ' ετερον ἀστείον τι;
- ΔI . $\pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \nu \gamma'$, $\dot{\omega}_{S}$ ' $\theta \lambda \dot{\theta} \rho \mu a \iota$.'
- ΞΑ. [sulkily] τί δητ' ἔδει με ταῦτα τὰ σκεύη φέρειν,
 εἴπερ ποιήσω μηδὲν ὧνπερ Φρύνιχος
 εἴωθε ποιεῖν καὶ Λύκις κάμειψίας:
- ΔΙ. μή νυν ποιήσης ώς έγω θεώμενος,

ĦA.	όταν τι τούτων τῶν σοφισμάτων ἴδω, πλεῖν ἡ 'νιαυτῷ πρεσβύτερος ἀπέρχομαι. [rubbing the back of his neck] ὁ τρισκακοδαίμων ἄρ' ὁ τράχηλος οὐτοσί,	10
	δτι θλίβεται μέν, τὸ δὲ γέλοιον οὐκ ἐρεî.	
⊿I.	[appealing to the spectators]	
	εἶτ' οὐχ ὕβρις ταῦτ' ἐστὶ καὶ πολλὴ τρυφή,	
	δτ' ἐγὼ μὲν ὧν Διόνυσος, υίὸς Σταμνίου,	15
	αὐτὸς βαδίζω καὶ πονῶ, τοῦτον δ' ὀχῶ,	
	ίνα μη ταλαιπωροίτο μηδ' ἄχθος φέροι;	
ΞA .	οὐ γὰρ φέρω 'γώ ;	
⊿I.	[turning to him] πως φέρεις γάρ, ὅς γ' ὀχεῦ;	
EA.	φέρων γε ταυτί. [pointing to the luggage]	
⊿I.	τίνα τρόπον ;	
ΞA .	[with a shrug] βαρέως πάνυ.	20
⊿I.	οὔκουν τὸ βάρος τοῦθ, δ σὰ φέρεις, οἕνος φέρει;	
ΞA .	οὐ δῆθ' ὄ γ' ἔχω 'γὼ καὶ φέρω, μὰ τὸν Δί' οὔ.	
⊿I.	πως γὰρ φέρεις, ὅς γ' αὐτὸς ὑφ' ἐτέρου φέρει ;	
ΞA .	οὐκ οἶδ'· ὁ δ' ὦμος ούτοσὶ πιέζεται.	
	[rubbing his should	er]
⊿I.	σὺ δ' οὖν ἐπειδὴ τὸν ὄνον οὐ φής σ' ὡφελεῖν,	
	έν τῷ μέρει σὺ τὸν ὄνον ἀράμενος φέρε.	25
ΞA .	οίμοι κακοδαίμων τί γὰρ έγὼ οὐκ έναυμάχουν;	
	η τάν σε κωκύειν αν εκέλευον μακρά.	
⊿I.	κατάβα, πανούργε. καὶ γὰρ ἐγγὺς τῆς θύρας	
	ήδη βαδίζων εἰμὶ τῆσδ', ο ἶ πρῶτά με	
	έδει τραπέσθαι.	
[Xanthias jumps off the donkey, which goes browsing off the		

stage. makin	DIONYSUS bangs at the door with hand and foot and club, g a terrific noise, and shouting]
	παιδίον, παῖ, ἡμί, παῖ.
[the do	or is suddenly opened by Heracles himself, who comes out in a ruge]
HP.	τίς τὴν θύραν ἐπάταξεν ; ὡς κενταυρικῶς
	ἐνήλαθ' ὄστις· [looking about and seeing nobody]
	εἰπέ μοι, τουτὶ τί ἢν ;
	nly he catches sight of DIONYSUS in his incongruous dress, and as short amazed. DIONYSUS and XANTHIAS whisper aside]
ΔI.	ό παῖς.
ΞA .	τί ἔστιν ;
⊿I.	οὐκ ἐνεθυμήθης ;
ΞA .	τὸ τί;
⊿I.	ώς σφόδρα μ' ἔδεισε.
ΞA .	νη Δία, μη μαίνοιό γε.
HP.	[bursting into a roar of laughter]
	ού τοι μὰ τὴν Δήμητρα δύναμαι μὴ γελᾶν 35
	καίτοι δάκνω γ' έμαυτόν άλλ' ὅμως γελώ.
⊿I .	ῶ δαιμόνιε, πρόσελθε δέομαι γάρ τί σου.
HP.	άλλ' ούχ οίος τ' είμ' άποσοβήσαι τὸν γέλων,
	όρων λεοντήν έπὶ κροκωτώ κειμένην. 40
	τίς ὁ νοῦς; τί κόθορνος καὶ ρόπαλον ξυνηλθέτην;
	ποι γης ἀπεδήμεις;
ΔI.	έπεβάτευον Κλεισθένει.
HP.	κάναυμάχησας;
⊿I.	καὶ κατεδύσαμέν γε ναῦς
	τῶν πολεμίων ἡ δώδεκ' ἡ τρισκαίδεκα.

HP.	σφώ ;	
⊿I.	νη τὸν ᾿Απόλλω.	
ΞA .	[contemptuously, and aside] κάτ' ἔγωγ' ἐξηγρόμην.	
⊿I .	και δητ' έπι της νεως άναγιγνωσκοντί μοι	4
	την 'Ανδρομέδαν προς έμαυτον έξαίφνης πόθος	
	την καρδίαν ἐπάταξε πῶς οἴει σφόδρα;	
HP.	πόθος; πόσος τις;	
⊿I.	μικρός, ήλίκοςΜόλων.	
HP.	γυναικός ;	
⊿I.	οὐ δῆτ'. ἀλλὰ λίσσομαί σ' ἐγώ,	
	μὴ σκῶπτέ μ', ὧδέλφ' οὐ γὰρ ἀλλ' ἔχω κακῶς	50
	τοιοῦτος ἵμερός με διαλυμαίνεται.	
HP.	ποιός τις, ἄδελφίδιον;	
⊿I.	οὐκ ἔχω φράσαι.	
	δμως γε μέντοι σοι δι' αὶνιγμῶν ἐρῶ.	
	[mysteriously and confidentially]	
	ήδη ποτ' ἐπεθύμησας ἐξαίφνης——ἔτνους;	
HP.	έτνους; [smacking his lips]	
	βαβαιάξ, μυριάκις ἐν τῷ βίφ.	55
⊿I .	ἆρ' ἐκδιδάσκω τὸ σαφές, ἢ 'τέρᾳ φράσω ;	
HP.	μη δητα περί έτνους γε πάνυ γαρ μανθάνω.	
⊿I .	τοιουτοσὶ τοίνυν με δαρδάπτει πόθος	
	Εὐριπίδου,	
HP.	[interrupting] καλ ταῦτα τοῦ τεθνηκότος ;	
4 I.	κοὐδείς γέ μ' αν πείσειεν ανθρώπων το μη οὐκ	60
	έλθειν έπ' έκεινον.	
HP.	πότερον εἰς Αίδου κάτω;	
⊿I.	καὶ νὴ Δι' εἴ τι γ' ἔστιν ἔτι κατωτέρω.	

HP.	τί βουλόμενος ;	
⊿I.	δέομαι ποιητοῦ δεξιοῦ.	
	[sadly] 'οί μεν γάρ οὐκέτ' εἰσίν, οί δ' ὅντες κακοί.	,
HP.	τί δ'; οὐκ Ἰοφῶν ζŷ;	
⊿I.	τοῦτο γάρ τοι καλ μόνον	65
	ἔτ' ἐστὶ λοιπὸν ἀγαθόν, εἰ καὶ τοῦτ' ἄρα·	
	[shaking his head dubiously]	
	οὐ γὰρ σάφ' οἶδ' οὐδ' αὐτὸ τοῦθ' ὅπως ἔχει.	
HP.	εἶτ' οὐ Σοφοκλέα, πρότερον ὄντ' Εὐριπίδου,	
	μέλλεις ἀνάγειν, εἴπερ γ' ἐκείθεν δεί σ' ἄγειν;	
⊿I.	ού, πρίν γ' αν Ἰοφωντ', ἀπολαβων αὐτον μόνον,	7 0
	άνευ Σοφοκλέους ὅ τι ποιεῖ κωδωνίσω.	
	κάλλως ὁ μέν γ' Εὐριπίδης, πανοῦργος ὤν,	
	καν ξυναποδραναι δευρ' επιχειρήσειε μοι	
	ό δ' εὔκολος μὲν ἐνθάδ', εὔκολος δ' ἐκεῖ.	
HP.	'Αγάθων δὲ ποῦ 'στίν;	7 5
⊿I.	ἀπολιπών μ' ἀποίχεται,	
	άγαθὸς ποιητής καὶ ποθεινὸς τοῖς φίλοις.	
HP.	ποι γης ὁ τλήμων ;	
⊿I.	ές μακάρων——εὐωχίαν.	
HP.	ό δὲ Ξενοκλέης;	
⊿I.	- ἐξόλοιτο νὴ Δία. ΄	
HP.	Πυθάγγελος δέ;	
EA.	[interrupting them impatiently and rubbing his shoulder]	
	περί έμοῦ δ' οὐδεὶς λόγος	
	έπιτριβομένου τον ώμον ούτωσι σφόδρα.	80
HP.	οὔκουν ἔτερ' ἔστ' ἐνταῦθα μειρακύλλια	
	τραγφδίας ποιούντα πλείν ἡ μύρια,	
	Εὐρυπίδου πλείν ἡ σταδίο λαλίστερα;	

ΔI.	έπιφυλλίδες ταθτ' έστι και στωμύλματα,	
	' χελιδόνων μουσεία,' λωβηταί τέχνης,	85
	ά φροῦδα θᾶττον, ἡν μόνον χορὸν λάβη.	
	γόνιμον δὲ ποιητὴν ᾶν οὐχ εὕροις ἔτι	
	ζητῶν ἄν, ὅστις ῥῆμα γενναῖον λάκοι.	
HP.	πῶς γόνιμον ;	
ΔI.	ώδι γόνιμον, δστις φθέγξεται	
	τοιουτονί τι παρακεκινδυνευμένον,	90
	' αἰθέρα Διὸς δωμάτιον,' ἡ 'χρόνου πόδα,'	
	ή ' φρένα μεν οὐκ εθέλουσαν ομόσαι καθ' ίερων,	
	γλώτταν δ' ἐπιορκήσασαν ἰδία τῆς φρενός.'	
HP.	σὲ δὲ ταῦτ' ἀρέσκει ;	
⊿I.	μάλλὰ πλεῖν ἡ μαίνομαι.	
HP.	ή μην κόβαλά γ' έστίν, ώς καὶ σοὶ δοκεῖ.	95
⊿I.	'μή τὸν ἐμὸν οἴκει νοῦν' ἔχεις γὰρ οἰκίαν.	
HP.	και μην άτεχνως γε παμπόνηρα φαίνεται.	
⊿I.	δειπνείν με δίδασκε. [contemptuously]	
ΞA .	[impatiently] περί έμοῦ δ' οὐδείς λόγος.	
ΔI.	άλλ' ὧνπερ ἔνεκα τήνδε τὴν σκευὴν ἔχων	99
	ηλθον κατά σην μίμησιν, ίνα μοι τους ξένους	
	τούς σούς φράσειας, εί δεοίμην, οίσι σὺ	
	έχρω τόθ', ἡνίκ' ἢλθες ἐπὶ τὸν Κέρβερον,	
	τούτους φράσον μοι, λιμένας, άρτοπώλια,	
	έδρας, ἀναπαύλας, ἐκτροπάς, κρήνας, ὁδούς,	
	πόλεις, διαίτας, πανδοκευτρίας, δπου	105
	κόρεις ολύγιστοι.	
ΞA .	[in a voice of loud and angry impatience]	
	περί έμοῦ δ' οὐδείς λόγος.	
HP.	[disregarding him] & σχέτλιε, τολμήσεις γὰρ ἰένα	ι;

⊿I.	καὶ σύ	ye
	μηδεν έτι πρὸς ταῦτ', ἀλλὰ φράζε τῶν ὁδῶν	
	δπη τάχιστ' ἀφιξόμεθ' εἰς Αϊδου κάτω	
	και μήτε θερμην μήτ' άγαν ψυχράν φράσης. 1	10
HP.	φέρε δή, τίν' αὐτῶν σοι φράσω πρώτην ; τίνα ;	
	[pausing to reflect]	
	μία μὲν γὰρ ἔστιν ἀπὸ κάλω καὶ θρανίου,	
	κρεμάσαντι σαυτόν.	
⊿I.	παθε, πνυγηράν λέγεις.	
HP.	άλλ' ἔστιν ἀτραπὸς ξύντομος τετριμμένη,	
	ή διὰ θυείας.	
ΔI.	άρα κώνειον λέγεις; 1	15
HP.	μάλιστά γε.	
⊿I.	ψυχράν γε καὶ δυσχείμερον	
	εὐθὺς γὰρ ἀποπήγνυσι τἀντικνήμια.	
	[pausing and shuddering]	
	οὐκ ἂν βαδίσαιμι τὴν ὁδὸν ταύτην.	
HP.	τί δαί;	
⊿I.	ηνπερ σ <i>ὺ τότε κατ</i> ηλθες.	
HP.	ἀλλ' ὁ πλοῦς πολύς.	
	εὐθὺς γὰρ ἐπὶ λίμνην μεγάλην ήξεις πάνυ	20
	ἄβυσσον.	
⊿I.	εἶτα πῶς περαιωθήσομαι ;	
HP.	έν πλοιαρίφ τυννουτφί	
	[holding his arms so as to shew the size of the boat]	
	σ' ἀνὴρ γέρων	
	ναύτης διάξει δύ ὀβολώ μισθὸν λαβών.	
⊿I.	φεῦ. ὡς μέγα δύνασθον πανταχοῦ τὰ δῦ ὀβολώ.	
	πῶς ἢλθέτην κἀκεῖσε ;	

HP.	Θησεύς ήγαγεν.	125
	μετά ταθτ' όφεις καὶ θηρί όψει μυρία	
	δεινότατα.	
₫I.	[confidently] μή μ' ἔκπληττε μηδὲ δειμάτου·	
	ου γάρ μ' ἀποτρέψεις.	
HP.	είτα βόρβορον πολύν	
	καὶ σκῶρ ἀείνων· ἐν δὲ τούτφ κειμένους	
	εί που ξένον τις ήδίκησε πώποτε,	1 30
	η μητέρ' ηλόησεν, η πατρὸς γνάθον	
	ἐπάταξεν, ἡ 'πιορκον ὅρκον ὥμοσεν,	
	ή Μορσίμου τις ρήσιν έξεγράψατο.	
	έντεθθεν αθλών τίς σε περίεισιν πνοή,	
	δψει τε φῶς κάλλιστον, ὥσπερ ἐνθάδε,	135
	καλ μυρρινώνας, καλ θιάσους εὐδαίμονας	
	άνδρῶν, γυναικῶν, καὶ κρότον χειρῶν πολύν.	
⊿I.	ούτοι δε δη τίνες είσίν;	
HP.	οί μεμυημένοι.	
ΞA .	[who has been getting more and more visibly imputient]	
	νὴ τὸν Δί' ἔγὼ γοῦν ὄνος ἄγων μυστήρια.	
	ἀτὰρ οὐ καθέξω ταῦτα τὸν πλείω χρόνον.	140
	[he throws down the luggage in a rage]	
HP.	οί σοι φράσουσ' ἀπαξάπανθ' ὧν ᾶν δέη.	
	οὖτοι γὰρ ἐγγύτατα παρ' αὐτὴν τὴν όδὸν	
	έπὶ ταῖσι τοῦ Πλούτωνος οἰκοῦσιν θύραις.	
	καὶ χαῖρε πόλλ', ὧδελφέ. [Exit.	
⊿I.	[wishing him good bye] νη Δία καὶ σύ γε	
	ύγlaινε. [turning sharply to XANTHIAS]	
	σὺ δὲ τὰ στρώματ' αὖθις λάμβανε.	145
EA.	[sulkily] πρὶν καὶ καταθέσθαι ;	

⊿I.	καλ ταχέως μέντοι πάνυ.
ΞA .	μη δηθ', ίκετεύω σ', άλλα μίσθωσαί τινα
	των εκφερομένων, δστις επί τοῦτ' ερχεται.
⊿I.	έὰν δὲ μὴ 'χω ;
ΞA .	τότ' ἔμ' ἄγειν.
⊿I.	καλώς λέγεις.
	και γάρ τιν' ἐκφέρουσι τουτονί νεκρόν. 150
Ente	er two bearers, carrying a dead man on a litter out to burial.
⊿I.	[calling to the dead man]
	οὖτος, σὲ λέγω μέντοι, σὲ τὸν τεθνηκότα
	ανθρωπε, βούλει σκευάρι' εἰς Αιδου φέρειν;
	[bearers stop; the dead man sits up]
NEK	ΡΟΣ. πόσ' ἄττα ;
⊿I.	[pointing to the luggage on the ground] Tautl.
NE.	δύο δραχμάς μισθὸν τελεῖς ;
⊿I.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἔλαττον.
NE.	[to the bearers] ὑπάγεθο ὑμεῖς τῆς ὁδοῦ.
	[the bearers go slowly forwards]
⊿I.	ἀνάμεινον, & δαιμόνι', ἐὰν ξυμβῶ τί σοι. 155
NE.	εὶ μὴ καταθήσεις δύο δραχμάς, μὴ διαλεγου.
⊿I.	λάβ' ἐννέ' ὀβολούς.
NE.	άναβιώην νυν πάλιν.
[The	dead man lies down again on the litter; the bearers exeunt, carrying him away.]
ZA.	ώς σεμνὸς ὁ κατάρατος· οὐκ οὶμώξ ε ται ;
	έγω βαδιουμαι.
⊿I.	χρηστὸς εἶ καὶ γεννάδας.
ГΧ	NITHIAS shoulders the luggage once more: and they two

SCENE II.

The scene is now changed to the Infernal Regions. In front are seen by the dim light DIONYSUS and XANTHIAS (dressed as in Scene 1., XANTHIAS carrying the luggage) standing on the reedy shores of the murky lake of Acheron. Charon, a squalid old man with wild eyes and matted beard, is gradually seen approaching in his narrow ricketty skiff. Invisible at first, they are dimly descried by DIONYSUS in line 161.

160

ΔI. χωρώμεν ἐπὶ τὸ πλοῖον.
 [the voice of Charon is then heard in the darkness]

ΧΑ. δόπ, παραβαλοῦ.

ΕΑ. τουτὶ τί ἔστι:

ΔΙ. τοῦτο λίμνη νὴ Δία αὕτη 'στὶν ἣν ἔφραζε, καὶ πλοῖόν γ' ὁρῶ. [Charon approaches the shore]

ΕΑ. νη τὸν Ποσειδώ, κἄστι γ' ὁ Χάρων ούτοσί.

ΔΙ. χαιρ' & Χάρων, χαιρ' & Χάρων, χαιρ' & Χάρων.

XA. [shouting, with his hand to his mouth, in regular ferrymanfashion, the names of the places to which his boat takes passengers]

τίς εἰς 'Αναπαύλας ἐκ κακῶν καὶ πραγμάτων; 165 τίς εἰς τὸ Λήθης πεδίον, ἡ 'ς "Ονου Πόκας,

ἡ 'ς Κερβερίους, ἡ 'ς Κόρακας, ἡ 'πὶ Ταίναρου ;

ΔΙ. ἐγώ.

ΧΑ. ταχέως ἔμβαινε.

ΔΙ. ποι σχήσειν δοκείς; ές κόρακας όντως;

XA.	ναὶ μὰ Δία, σοῦ γ' εἵνεκα.	
	<i>ἔμβαινε δή.</i>	
⊿I.	[stepping into the boat, and calling to XANTHIAS]	
	παῖ, δεῦρο.	70
XA.	δοῦλον οὐκ ἄγω,	
	εί μὴ νεναυμάχηκε τὴν περί τῶν κρεῶν.	
ΞA .	uà τὸν Δί', οὐ γὰρ ἀλλ' ἔτυχον ὀφθαλμιῶν.	
XA.	οὔκουν περιθρέξει δῆτα τὴν λίμνην κύκλφ;	
ΞA .	ποῦ δῆτ' ἀναμενῶ ;	
XA.	παρά του Αὐαίνου λίθου,	
	ἐπὶ ταῖς ἀναπαύλαις.	
⊿I.	μανθάνεις ; 1	75
ΞA.	πάνυ μανθάνω.	
	[aside, striking his forehead in despair]	
	οίμοι κακοδαίμων, τῷ ξυνέτυχον ἐξιών;	
	[exit, running along the shore of the lake]	
XA.	κάθιζ' ἐπὶ κώπην.	
[D	DIONYSUS sits down on the oar. Charon shouts to the land]	
	εἴ τις ἔτι πλεῖ, σπευδέτω.	
•	[CHARON turns round and sees Dionysus on the oar.]	
	οὖτος, τί ποιεῖς ;	
ΔI.	[nervously] ὄ τι ποιῶ; τί δ' ἄλλο γ' ἡ	
	ίζω 'πὶ κώπην, οἶπερ ἐκέλευσάς με σύ ;	
XA.	[pointing to the seat]	
	οὔκουν καθεδεῖ δῆτ' ἐνθαδί, γάστρων ;	
⊿I.	[getting awkwardly and timidly off the oar, and sitting do	non
	where he is told] ίδού. 1	80
V A		OU
AA.	ούκουν προβαλεί τω χείρε κάκτενείς;	

⊿I.	[helplessly stretching out his hands, and holding them st	up i dl y
	stiff] . iδού.	
XA.	[in a rage, putting the oar into his hand]	
	οὐ μη φλυαρήσεις έχων, άλλ' ἀντιβὰς	
	έλᾶς προθύμως ;	
ΔI.	[whimpering] κάτα πῶς δυνήσομαι,	
	ἄπειρος, ἀθαλάττωτος, ἀσαλαμίνιος	
	ων, εἶτ' ελαύνειν ;	
XA.	ράστ' ἀκούσει γὰρ μέλη	185
	κάλλιστ', ἐπειδὰν ἐμβάλης ἄπαξ.	
⊿I.	τίνων ;	
XA.	βατράχων κύκνων θαυμαστά.	
⊿I.	κατακέλευε δή	
XA.	ώὸπ ὅπ ἀὸπ ὅπ. [singing]	
CHAR quick betwee	ionysus takes the oar and begins rowing, in time firs on's &ôπ bπ and afterwards with the frogs' song, whi er and quicker. The frogs are invisible all througen line 190 and 240 Dionysus rows the boat across the di other side, the scene gradually changing as he goes.]	ch ge ts h, and
BAT	ΓΡΑΧΟΙ. βρεκεκεκὲξ κοὰξ κοάξ,	
	βρεκεκεκὲξ κοὰξ κοάξ.	190
	λιμναΐα κρηνῶν τέκνα,	}~ •
	ξύναυλον ὔμνων βοὰν	
	φθεγξώμεθ, εύγηρυν έμὰν ἀοιδάν,	
	κοὰξ κοάξ,	
	ην αμφί Νυσήιον	195
	Διὸς Διώνυσον έν	
	Λίμναισιν ἰαχήσαμεν,	
	βρεκεκεκὲξ κοὰξ κοάξ.	

⊿I.	[moving uneasily on his seat] ἐγὼ δέ γ' ἀλγεῖν ἄρ	χομαι
	ὦ κοὰξ κοάξ.	20 0
	ύμιν δ' ἴσως οὐδὲν μέλει.	
BA.	βρεκεκεκὲξ κοὰξ κοάξ.	
⊿I.	[angrily and loudly] ἀλλ' ἐξόλοισθ' αὐτῷ κοάξ·	
	οὐδὲν γάρ ἐστ' ἀλλ' ἡ κοάξ.	
BA.	εἰκότως γ', ὧ πολλὰ πράτ-	205
	των ἐμὲ γὰρ ἔστερξαν εὔλυροί τε Μοῦσαι	
	καὶ κεροβάτας Πάν,	
	βρεκεκεκὲξ κοὰξ κοάξ.	
⊿I.	έγω δε φλυκταίνας γ' έχω,	
	βρεκεκεκέξ κοάξ κοάξ.	210
	άλλ', ω φιλωδον γένος, [ironically]	
	παύσασθε.	
BA.	μᾶλλον μὲν οὖν	
	φθεγξόμεσθ', εἰ δή ποτ' εὐ-	
	ηλίοις ἐν ἁμέραισιν	
	ήλάμεσθα διὰ κυπείρου	215
	καλ φλέω, χαίροντες φδαΐς,	
	η Διὸς φεύγοντες ὅμβρον	
	ἔνυδρον ἐν βυθῷ χορείαν	
•	αὶόλαν ἐφθεγξάμεσθα	
•	πομφολυγοπαφλάσμασιν.	220
	[a bubbling noise is heard]	
	βρεκεκεκὲξ κοὰξ κοάξ.	
⊿ I.	βρεκεκεκέξ κοὰξ κοάξ.	
	[imitating the frogs angrily]	
n 4	τουτὶ παρ' ὑμῶν λαμβάνω.	
B <i>A</i> .	δεινὰ τἄρα πεισόμεσθα.	

⊿I.	δεινότερα δ' ἔγωγ', έλαύνων	225
	εὶ διαρραγήσομαι.	
BA.	βρεκεκεκέξ κοάξ κοάξ.	
ΔI.	οἰμώζετ' οὐ γάρ μοι μέλει.	
BA.	άλλὰ μὴν κεκραξόμεσθά γ'	
	οπόσον ή φάρυγξ αν ήμων	230
	χανδάνη δι' ἡμέρας	
	βρεκεκεκὲξ κοὰξ κοάξ.	
	[louder than before]	
⊿I.	[louder still] βρεκεκεκέξ κοὰξ κοάξ	
	τούτφ γὰρ οὐ νικήσετε.	
BA.	ούδε μην ημας συ πάντως.	235
⊿I.	οὐδέποτε κεκράξομαι γάρ,	
	κάν με δέη δι' ήμέρας,	
	ἔ ως αν ὑμῶν ἐπικρατήσω τοῦ κοάξ,	
	[as loud as he can bellow] βρεκεκεκέξ κοάξ κοάξ	•
[th	e frogs are silent, and there is a pause; then triumpho	intly]
	ἔμελλον ἄρα παύσειν ποθ' ὑμᾶς τοῦ κοάξ.	240
	[they have now reached the other side]	
XA.	🖒 παθε παθε, παραβαλοθ τῷ κωπίφ.	
	ἔκβαιν', ἀπόδος τὸν ναῦλον. [holding out his h	and]
⊿I.	[stepping out, and giving him the 2 obols]	
	έχε δὴ τὦβολ	ώ.
-	IABON shoves the boat off again, and gradually disapp	
	ht on the gloomy lake. DIONYSUS peers through the	darkness
	XANTHIAS, at last he calls ;—]	
ΔI.	δ Εανθίας. ποῦ Εανθίας;	
	[a pause. Then a dim figure is seen running up]	
	η Ξανθίας;	
$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{A}$.	[in the distance] laû.	

⊿I.	[beckoning, aloud] βάδιζε δεῦρο.						
ΞA .	[coming up close] χαιρ' ω δέσποτα.						
⊿I .	τί ἐστι τἀνταυθί ;						
ΞA .	σκότος καὶ βόρβορος. 245						
⊿I .	κατείδες οὐν που τοὺς πατραλοίας αὐτόθι						
	καὶ τοὺς ἐπιόρκους, οῦς ἔλεγεν ἡμῖν;						
ΞA .	[looking at the spectators, and nudging Dionysus] $\sigma \dot{\nu} \delta' o \ddot{v}$;						
⊿I .	[looking straight at the spectators]						
	νη τον Ποσειδώ Ύωγε, και νυνί γ' όρω.						
	ἄγε δὴ, τί δρῶμεν ;						
ΞA .	προϊέναι βέλτιστα νῷν,						
	ώς οὖτος ὁ τόπος ἐστὶν οὖ τὰ θηρία 250						
	τὰ δείν' ἔφασκ' ἐκεῖνος.						
⊿I.	ώς οἰμώξεται.						
	ήλαζονεύεθ, ἵνα φοβηθείην ἐγώ,						
	εὶδώς με μάχιμον ὄντα, φιλοτιμούμενος.						
	' οὐδὲν γὰρ οὕτω γαῦρόν ἐσθ'' ὡς 'Ηρακλῆς.						
	'[in a confident tone of brag]						
	έγω δέ γ' ευξαίμην αν έντυχειν τινί, 255						
	λαβεῖν τ' ἀγώνισμ' ἄξιόν τι της όδοῦ.						
ΞA .							
	νη τον Δία και μην αισθάνομαι ψόφου τινος.						
ΔI.	[in great terror] ποῦ ποῦ 'στίν ;						
ΞA .	έξόπισθεν.						
⊿I.	[thrusting Xanthias behind him] ἐξόπισθ ἴθι.						
ΞA .	άλλ' ἐστὶν ἐν τῷ πρόσθε.						
⊿I.	[darting behind ΧΑΝΤΗΙΑΒ] πρόσθε νυν ἴθι.						
ΞA .	[stepping forward, then suddenly stopping and pointing]						
	καὶ μὴν ὁρῶ νὴ τὸν Δία θηρίον μέγα. 260						

⊿I.	[in the most abject fright] ποιόν τι ;
ΞA .	δεινόν παντοδαπον γοῦν γίγνεται
	ποτε μέν γε βους, νυνί δ' όρευς, ποτε δ' αὐ κύων.
⊿I.	Έμπουσα τοίνυν ἐστί.
三 <i>A</i> .	πυρὶ γοῦν λάμπ ε ται
	ἄπαν τὸ πρόσωπον.
⊿I.	[in breathless anxiety, covering his face]
	καὶ σκέλος χαλκοῦν ἔχει.
Ħ.A	νη τὸν Ποσειδώ, καὶ βολίτινου θάτερου, 265
24.0	σάφ' ἴσθι.
⊿I.	ποὶ δῆτ' ἃν τραποίμην ;
ΞA .	ποῖ δ' ἐγώ ;
⊿I .	[turning suddenly to the priest of DIONYSUS who sits among the audience on the front bench]
	ίερεῦ, διαφύλαξόν μ', ἵν' ὧ σοι ξυμπότης.
ΞA.	
⊿I .	
	ωνθρωφ', ίκετεύω, μηδε κατερείς τούνομα;
ΞA.	Διόνυσε τοίνυν.
⊿I .	[quickly] τοῦτ' ἔθ' ἦττον θατέρου. 270
ΞA.	[solemnly to the ghost] ἴθ' ἦπερ ἔρχει.
	[turning suddenly and joyfully to DIONYSUS.]
	δεῦρο δεῦρ', ὧ δέσποτα.
⊿I.	τί δ' ἔστι;
ΞA.	θάρρει πάντ ἀγαθὰ πεπράγαμεν,
	έξεστί θ' ωσπερ 'Ηγέλοχος ήμιν λέγειν'
	έκ κυμάτων γαρ αθθις αθ γαλήν δρώ.
	ημπουσα φρούδη.
⊿I.	[half incredulous] κατόμοσου.

ΞA.	νη του Δα	275					
⊿I.	καθθις κατόμοσον.						
ΞA .	$ u\eta$ $\Delta \ell$.						
⊿I.	δμοσον.						
ΞA .	νη Δία.						
ΔI.	[heaving a long sigh of relief]						
	οίμοι, πόθεν μοι τὰ κακὰ ταυτί προσέπεσει	<i>y</i> ;					
	τίν' αἰτιάσωμαι θεῶν μ' ἀπολλύναι ;						
ΞA .	[sarcastically enquiring]						
	΄ αἰθέρα Διὸς δωμάτιον, ἡ χρόνου πόδα ; ΄						
	[torches are seen dimly flashing, and a procession	seems to be					
	passing, to the sound of flutes]						
⊿ I.	οὖτος. τί ἔστιν :						
ΞA.	οὐ κατήκουσας ;						
<u>β</u> Λ. ΔΙ.	ου κατηκουσας; τίνος;	280					
Z1. ZA.	αὐλῶν πνοῆς.	200					
дA. ⊿I.	αυκων πνοης. . έγωγε, καλ δάδων γέ με						
41.							
	αύρα τις εἰσέπνευσε μυστικωτάτη.						
	άλλ' ήρεμλ πτήξαντες άκροασώμεθα. [they crouch down and h						
	[the procession comes nearer, singing]	eep quiet					
XO.	"Ιακχ', & "Ιακχε.						
	"Ιακχ', & "Ιακχε.	285					
ΞA.	, ,	200					
	τοῦτ' ἔστ' ἐκεῖν', ὧ δέσποθ', οἱ μεμυημενοι						
	ένταῦθά που παίζουσιν, οῦς ἔφραζε νών.						
	άδουσι γοῦν τὸν Ἰακχον ὅνπερ Διαγόρας.						
∆ I.	κάμοι δοκούσιν. ήσυχίαν τοίνυν άγειν						
41.	βέλτιστόν έστιν, ως αν είδωμεν σαφως.	200					
	[the Chorus sing. Dionysus and Xanthias liste	290					

SCENE III.

The gate of Pluto's palace in front. Enter XANTHIAS and DIONYSUS (in the same costume, the latter appearing as before like a nondescript Heracles). They hesitate before the door.

- ἄγε δὴ τίνα τρόπον τὴν θύραν κόψω; τίνα;
 πῶς ἐνθάδ ἄρα κόπτουσιν οὐπιχώριοι;
- ΕΑ. οὐ μὴ διατρίψεις, ἀλλὰ γεύσει τῆς θύρας, καθ' Ἡρακλέα τὸ σχῆμα καὶ τὸ λῆμ' ἔχων;
- ΔI . [knocking boldly at the door, and shouting] $\pi a \hat{i} \pi a \hat{i}$.
- AIA. [from within] τίς οὖτος;
- ΔΙ. ἡ Ηρακλης ὁ καρτερός. 295

[Enter Alaus, opening the palace doors. He is a tall commanding figure, and is dressed like a porter. He begins at once with violent gestures]

ΑΙΑ. ὁ βδελυρὲ κἀναίσχυντε καὶ τολμηρὲ σὰ καὶ μιαρὲ καὶ παμμίαρε καὶ μιαρώτατε, δς τὸν κύν' ἡμῶν ἐξελάσας τὸν Κέρβερον ἀπῆξας ἄγχων κἀποδρὰς ῷχου λαβών, δν ἐγὼ 'φύλαττον. ἀλλὰ νῦν ἔχει μέσος· 300 τοία Στυγός σε μελανοκάρδιος πέτρα 'Αχερόντιός τε σκόπελος αίματοσταγής φρουροῦσι, Κωκυτοῦ τε περίδρομοι κύνες, 'Εχιδνά θ ἐκατογκέφαλος, ἢ τὰ σπλάγχνα σου διασπαράξει, πνευμόνων τ' ἀνθάψεται 305 Ταρτησία μύραινα· τὼ νεφρὼ δὲ σου αὐτοῦσιν ἐντέροισιν ἡματωμένω

•	διασπάσονται Γοργόνες Τιθράσιαι,						
	έφ' ας έγω δρομαίον δρμήσω πόδα. [Επί	<i>f</i>]					
⊿I.	[who during the above tirade has grown paler and paler, and has at last sunk fainting on the ground, says now in a weak voice to ΧΑΝΤΗΙΑΒ] ὧ παῖ, φέρε πρὸς τὴν καρδίαν μου σπογγιάν.						
ΞA	[producing a sponge] ίδοὺ λαβέ.						
ΔI.		311					
	[he takes the sponge from him, and puts it in an agon way to his stomach]	ized					
ΞA.	ποῦ 'στίν ; ὧ χρυσοῖ (eoì					
	ένταθθ' έχεις την καρδίαν ;						
⊿I.	δείσασα γὰρ						
	εἰς τὴν κάτω μου κοιλίαν καθείρπυσεν.						
ΞA .	ω δειλότατε θεων συ κανθρώπων.						
	[he gets slowly up, and begins to recover]						
⊿I.	ͼ γώ ;						
	σὺ δ' οὖκ ἔδεισας τὸν ψόφον τῶν ἡημάτων ξ καὶ τὰς ἀπειλάς.	315					
ΞA .	οὐ μὰ Δί' οὐδ' ἐφρόντισα.						
ΔI.	ίθι νυν, ἐπειδὴ ληματιậς κάνδρείος εἶ,						
	σὺ μὲν γενοῦ 'γώ, τὸ ῥόπαλον τουτὶ λαβὼν						
[gi	iving him the club and lion's skin, which XANTHIAS puts on]					
	καλ τὴν λεοντῆν, εἴπερ ἀφοβόσπλαγχνος εἶ:						
	εγω δ' εσομαί σοι σκευοφόρος εν τωρ μέρει.	3 2 0					
ΞA .	[hands the luggage to Dionysus]						
	φέρε δὴ ταχέως αὕτ'· οὐ γὰρ ἀλλὰ πειστέον·						
	καλ βλέψον εὶς τὸν Ἡρακλειοξανθίαν,						
	εί δειλὸς ἔσομαι καὶ κατὰ σὲ τὸ λῆμ' ἔχων.						
	[goes swaggering about]						

⊿I.	φέρε νυν, εγώ τὰ στρώματ' αἴρωμαι ταδί.	
	[taking them up on his shoulder]	
	[Enter a maid-servant of Persephone]	
ΘE.	ἀ φίλταθ' ἤκεις 'Ηράκλεις; δεῦρ' εἴσιθι.	325
	ή γὰρ θεός σ' ώς ἐπύθεθ' ήκοντ', εὐθέως	
	έπεττεν ἄρτους, ήψε κατερικτῶν χύτρας	
	έτνους δύ ή τρείς, βοῦν ἀπηνθράκιζ ὅλον.	
	άλλ' εἴσιθ', ὡς ὁ μάγειρος ἥδη τὰ τεμάχη	
	έμελλ' άφαιρεῖν χή τράπεζ' εἰσήρετο.	330
	[Exit into the	palace]
ΞA .	[turning in a swaggering way to DIONYSUS]	
	ό παις, ἀκολούθει δεθρο τὰ σκεύη φέρων.	
	[going off into the palace	e] .
⊿I.	[angrily stopping him]	
	έπίσχες οὖτος. οὔ τί που σπουδὴν ποιεῖ,	
	ότιή σε παίζων 'Ηρακλέα 'νεσκεύασα ;	
	οὐ μὴ φλυαρήσεις ἔχων, ὦ Ξανθία,	
	άλλ' ἀράμενος οἴσεις πάλιν τὰ στρώματα;	335
EA.	τί δ' ἔστιν ; οὐ δή πού μ' ἀφελέσθαι διανοεῖ	
	ἄδωκας αὐτός ;	
⊿I.	οὐ τάχ', ἀλλ' ἤδη ποιῶ.	
	κατάθου τὸ δέρμα.	
ΞA .	[raising his hands to heaven] ταῦτ' ἐγὼ μαρτύρομο	u
	και τοις θεοισιν έπιτρέπω.	
⊿I.	ποίοις θεοῖς ;	
	πως, δοῦλος ων καὶ θνητός, Αλκμήνης ἔσει;	340
ΞA.	[sulkily giving in, and restoring the dress of HERAC	LES to
•	DIONYSUS, who gives him back the baggage]	

άμέλει, καλώς έχ' αυτ'. Ισως γάρ τοί ποτε

έμου δεηθείης ἄν, εἰ θεὸς θέλοι.

[They are fust going in, when enter suddenly two hostesses; the front one recognises HERACLES (as she thinks), and calls to her companion to come and dun him]

- ΠΑΝ. Α. Πλαθάνη, Πλαθάνη, δεῦρ' ἔλθ', ὁ πανοῦργος δς εἰς τὸ πανδοκεῖον εἰσελθών ποτε [οὐτοσί, ἐκκαίδεκ' ἄρτους κατέφαγ' ἡμῶν.
- ΠΑΝ. Β. [coming up and scrutinizing Dionysus] νη Δία, 345 ἐκεῖνος αὐτὸς δῆτα.
- ΞΑ. [chuckling, aside to Dionysus] κακὸν ἤκει τινί.
- ΠΑΝ. Α. καὶ τὰ σκόροδα τὰ πολλά.
- ΔI. [with a dignified wave of the hand] ληρείς, ὁ γύναι, κοὐκ οἶσθ' ὅ τι λέγεις.
- ΠΑΝ. Α. [shaking her fist] οὐ μὲν οὖν με προσεδόκας, ότιὴ κοθόρνους εἶχες, ἂν γνῶναί σ' ἔτι ; τί δαί ; τὸ πολὺ τάριχος οὐκ εἴρηκά πω. 350
- ΠΑΝ. Β. μὰ Δι', οὐδὲ τὸν τυρόν γε τὸν χλωρόν, τάλαν, δν οὖτος αὐτοῖς τοῖς ταλάροις κατήσθιεν.
- ΠΑΝ. Α. κἄπειτ' ἐπειδὴ τἀργύριον ἐπραττόμην, ἔβλεψεν εἴς με δριμὺ κἀμυκᾶτό γε.
- **Ξ**Α. [encouraging them against Dionysus] τούτου πάνυ τοὕργον, οὖτος ὁ τρόπος πανταχοῦ.
- ΠΑΝ. Β. καὶ τὸ ξίφος γ' ἐσπᾶτο, μαίνεσθαι δοκῶν. 356
- **ΞΑ.** καὶ τοῦτο τούτου τοὕργον. ἀλλ' ἐχρῆν τι δράν.
- ΠΑΝ. Α. ἴθι δὴ κάλεσον τὸν προστάτην Κλέωνά μοι.
- ΠΑΝ. Β. σὺ δ' ἔμοιγ', ἐάνπερ ἐπιτύχῃς, Ὑπέρβολον, τν' αὐτὸν ἐπιτρίψωμεν.
- ΠΑΝ. A. [she looks back as she is going, and shakes her fist] δ μιαρὰ φάρυγξ, 360

	ως ήδέως αν σου λίθφ τούς γομφίους	
	κόπτοιμ' ἄν, οἷς μου κατέφαγες τὰ φορτία.	
ΠA	N. B. [also going, and threatening]	
	έγω δ' αν ές το βάραθρον έμβάλοιμί σε.	
ΠA 1	Ν. Α. ἐγὼ δὲ τὸν λάρυγγ' ἃν ἐκτέμοιμί σου,	364
	δρέπανον λαβοῦσ', ῷ τὰς χόλικας κατέσπασας. [Exeunt, to get assistance, with threatening gestures.]	•
⊿I .	[turning with the most insinuating voice to Xanthias] κάκιστ' ἀπολοίμην, Ξανθίαν εἰ μὴ φιλῶ.	
三 A.	[sternly refusing]	
	ολδ' ολδα τὸν νοῦν' παῦε παῦε τοῦ λόγου.	
	οὐκ ἃν γενοίμην 'Ηρακλῆς ἄν.	
⊿I.	μηδαμῶς, ὦ Ξανθίδιον.	
ΞA .	[bitterly] καὶ πῶς αν 'Αλκμήνης ἐγὼ	
	υίος γενοίμην, δοῦλος ἄμα καὶ θνητος ὧν;	370
⊿I.	οίδ' οίδ' ὅτι θυμοῖ, καὶ δικαίως αὐτὸ δρậς:	

πρόρριζος αὐτός, ἡ γυνή, τὰ παιδία, κάκιστ' ἀπολοίμην,—κἀρχέδημος ὁ γλάμων. 375 [with the most eager mock-solemnity] ΕΑ. [generously giving way, as if the last touch were conclusive] δέχομαι τὸν ὅρκον, κἀπὶ τούτοις λαμβάνω.

καν εἴ με τύπτοις, οὐκ αν ἀντείποιμί σοι. ἀλλ' ἤν σε τοῦ λοιποῦ ποτ' ἀφέλωμαι χρόνου,

[Xanthias once more resumes the dress of Hebacles, and Dionysus takes the luggage.]

SCENE IV.

Enter	AEAGUS	suddenly	with	two	slaves,	who	rush	upon	XANTHIAS
			at	his l	idding	•			

- AIA. ξυνδείτε ταχέως τουτονί τὸν κυνοκλόπον, Ίνα δῷ δίκην ἀνύετον.
- ΔΙ. ἤκει τφ κακόν.
- **Ξ**A. [Xanthias resists, and there ensues a scuffle] οὐκ ἐς κόρακας; οὐ μὴ πρόσιτου;
- AIA. εἶεν, μαχεῖ; [calling outside for three more slaves, who rush in and join the fray] ο Διτύλας χὼ Σκεβλύας χὼ Παρδόκας 380 γωρεῖτε θᾶττον δεῦρο.
- Έ.Α. [shaking himself free] καὶ μὴν νὴ Δία, εἰ πώποτ' ἢλθον δεῦρ', ἐθέλω τεθνηκέναι, ἢ κλεψα τῶν σῶν ἄξιόν τι καὶ τριχός. καί σοι ποιήσω πρᾶγμα γενναῖον πάνυ βασάνιζε γὰρ τὸν παῖδα τουτονὶ λαβών, [pointing to Dionysus]

κάν ποτέ μ' έλης άδικοῦντ', ἀπόκτεινόν μ' άγων.

386

ΑΙΑ. καὶ πῶς βασανίσω;

ΕΑ. πάντα τρόπον, εν κλίμακι δήσας, κρεμάσας, ύστριχίδι μαστιγών, δέρων, στρεβλών, ετι δ' ες τὰς ρίνας ὅξος εκχέων, πλίνθους επιτιθείς, πάντα τἄλλα, πλήν——
[pausing, then speaking in a marked manner, as if he were giving a very important direction] πράσφ μη τύπτε τοῦτον μηδε γητείφ νέφ. 390

AIA.	δίκαιος δ λόγος κάν τι πηρώσω γέ σοι			
	τον παίδα τύπτων, τάργυριόν σοι κείσεται.			
ΞA .	[with a generous wave of the hand]			
	μη δητ' έμοιγ'. ούτω δε βασάνιζ άπαγαγών.			
AIA.	αὐτοῦ μὲν οὖν, ἵνα σοὶ κατ' ὀφθαλμοὺς λέγη.			
	[turning to DIONYSUS]			
	κατάθου σύ τὰ σκεύη ταχέως, χώπως έρεις 395			
	ἐνταῦθα μηδὲν ψεῦδος.			
⊿I.	[who has been getting visibly more and more uncomfortable			
	during the above dialogue, breaks out] άγορεύω τινὶ			
	ἐμὲ μὴ βασανίζειν ἀθάνατον ὄντ' εἰ δὲ μή,			
	αὐτὸς σεαυτὸν αἰτιῶ.			
AIA.	. λέγεις δὲ τί;			
⊿I.	[solemnly, puffing himself out]			
	άθάνατος είναι φημι Διόνυσος Διός,			
	τοῦτον δὲ δοῦλον. [pointing to Xanthias]			
AIA.	[to Xanthias] ταῦτ' ἀκούεις ;			
ΞA .	φήμ' ἐγώ. 4 00			
	καλ πολύ γε μᾶλλόν ἐστι μαστυγωτέος.			
	είπερ θεὸς γάρ ἐστιν, οὐκ αἰσθήσεται.			
⊿I.	[angrily to Xanthias]			
	τί δητ', ἐπειδη καὶ σὺ φης είναι θεός,			
	οὐ καὶ σὺ τύπτει τὰς ἴσας πληγὰς ἐμοί;			
ΞA .	δίκαιος ὁ λόγος χωπότερου αν νών ίδης 405			
	κλαύσαντα πρότερον ή προτιμήσαντά τι			
	τυπτόμενον, είναι τοῦτον ήγοῦ μὴ θεον.			
AIA.	οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐκ εἶ σὺ γεννάδας ἀνήρ			
	χωρείς γάρ είς τὸ δίκαιον. ἀποδύεσθε δή.			
they s	trip, and take their places apart, with their backs to ARACUS]			

呂 A.	πῶς οὖν βασανιεῖς νὰ δικαίως;
AIA.	ραδίως. 410
	πληγην παρά πληγην εκάτερου.
ΞA .	καλώς λέγεις.
	ίδού. [presenting his back]
	σκόπει νυν ήν μ' ύποκινήσαντ' ίδης.
AEAG	UB gives XANTHIAB a cut; XANTHIAB makes a face, but does - not move]
AIA.	ήδη 'πάταξά σ'.
ΞA .	[pretending not to believe it]
	οὐ μὰ Δί', οὐκ ἐμοὶ δοκεῖς.
AIA.	άλλ' είμ' έπι τουδι και πατάξω.
	[gives Dionysus a cut; he also controls himself] .
⊿I.	πηνίκα ;
AIA.	καὶ δὴ ἀταξα.
⊿I.	κἆτα πῶς οὐκ ἔπταρον; 415
AIA.	οὺκ οἶδα τουδὶ δ' αὖθις ἀποπειράσομαι.
ΞA .	οὖκουν ἀνύσεις τι; [Aeacus gives him a good hard cut]
	ả ттатаî.
AIA.	τί τἀτταταῖ ;
	μῶν ὦδυνήθης ;
EA.	[controlling himself] οὐ μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἐφρόντισα
	οπόθ' Ἡράκλεια τὰν Διομείοις γίγνεται.
AIA.	άνθρωπος ίερός. δεῦρο πάλιν βαδιστέον. 420
4.7	[a cut to DIONYSUS, who howls and weeps]
	ἰοὺ ἰού. ·
AIA.	τί ἔστιν ;
⊿I .	ίππέας δρώ,
$A \mid A$.	τί δήτα κλάεις ;

ΔΙ. κρομμύων ὀσφραίνομαι.	
AIA. [suspiciously] έπεὶ προτιμᾶς γ' οὐδέν;	
ΔΙ. οὐδέν μοι μέλε	L
ΑΙΑ. βαδιστέου τἄρ' ἐστὶυ ἐπὶ τουδὶ πάλιυ.	•
[a cut to Xanthias, who howls, then suddenly catches up his for pretending to have run a thorn into it]	ŧ
$\Xi A.$ oi μ o $\iota.$	
ΑΙΑ. τί ἔστι ;	
Ξ Α. τὴν ἄκανθαν ἔξελε. 42	5
AIA. τί τὸ πρᾶγμα τουτί ; δεῦρο πάλιν βαδιστέον. [going and giving a cut to DIONYBUB]	
$\Delta I. [in agony] A\pio\lambda\lambda o\nu,$	
[then controlling himself, and finishing the line]	
δς που Δήλον ή Πύθων' έχει	3
ΞΑ. [turning round to Aeacus] ήλγησεν οὐκ ήκουσας;	
ΔI . οὐκ ἔγωγ', ἐ π εὶ	
ἴαμβον Ἱππώνακτος ἀνεμιμνησκόμην.	
ΞA. [to Aracus]	
οὐδὲν ποιεῖς γάρ, ἀλλὰ τὰς λαγόνας σπόδει. 43	0
ΑΙΑ. μὰ τὸν Δί', ἀλλ' ἤδη πάρεχε τὴν γαστέρα.	
[to DIONYSUS, who turns and presents his stomach, when AEACUS accordingly hits him; he jumps up and rears]	8
ΔΙ. Πόσειδον,	
ΞA . ἤλγη σ εν τις.	
ΔI . [controlling himself]	
δς Αιγαίου πρώνος ή γλαυκάς μέδεις	
άλὸς ἐν βένθεσιν.	
AIA. [throwing down the whip]	
ού τοι μὰ τὴν Δήμητρα δύναμαί πω μαθεῖν 48	5

δπότερος ύμῶν ἐστι θεός ἀλλ' εἴσιτον ὁ δεσπότης γὰρ αὐτὸς ύμῶς γνώσεται χη Φερσέφατθ', ἄτ' ὄντε κἀκείνω θεώ. ὀρθῶς λέγεις [writhing] ἐβουλόμην δ' ἄν τοῦτό σε πρότερον ποιῆσαι, πρὶν èμè τὰς πληγὰς λαβεῖν. 440 [they dress and go in]

41.

SCENE V.

A hall in Pluto's palace. Pluto is seated on a throne in the background, and watches the progress of the triul. DIONYSUS in the middle of the stage, with AESCHYLUS on one side, and EURIPIDES on the other.

ET. [drawing himself grandly up, and turning to AESCHYLUS] καλ μην επ' αὐτούς τοὺς προλόγους σου τρέψομαι, [turning to DIONYSUS] όπως τὸ πρῶτον τῆς τραγφδίας μέρος πρώτιστον αὐτοῦ βασανιῶ τοῦ δεξιοῦ. άσαφης γάρ ην έν τη φράσει των πραγματων. **⊿**I. καὶ ποῖον αὐτοῦ βασανιεῖς: ET. πολλούς πάνυ. 445 Tto AESCHYLUS] πρώτον δέ μοι τὸν ἐξ 'Ορεστείας λέγε. ΔΙ. ἄγε δη σιώπα πᾶς ἀνήρ. λέγ, Αἰσγύλε. ΑΙΣ. ' Έρμη χθόνιε, πατρώ' ἐποπτεύων κράτη, ' σωτηρ γενού μοι σύμμαχός τ' αἰτουμένφ. ' ήκω γαρ ές γην τήνδε και κατέρχομαι.' 450 ΔΙ. τούτων έχεις ψέγειν τι; ET. [promptly] πλείν ή δώδεκα. ΔΙ. ἀλλ' οὐδὲ πάντα ταῦτά γ' ἔστ' ἀλλ' ἡ τρία. ΕΥ. ἔχει δ' ἔκαστον εἴκοσίν γ' ἀμαρτίας.

ΑΙΣ. δρậς ὅτι ληρεῖς ;

ΕΥ. ἀλλ' ὀλίγον γέ μοι μέλει.

ΔΙ. Αἰσχύλε, παραινῶ σοι σιωπησαι τὸ πᾶν.

455

ΑΙΣ. έγὼ σιωπῶ τῷδ';

⊿I.	έὰν πείθη γ' ἐμο ί.	
ET.	εὐθὺς γὰρ ἡμάρτηκεν οὐράνιόν γ' ὅσον.	
	πως φής μ' άμαρτειν;	
ET.	αὖθις ἐξ ἀρχῆς λέ γε.	
ΑΙΣ.	' Έρμη χθόνιε, πατρώ' ἐποπτεύων κράτη,	
		60
	' ήκω γὰρ ἐς γῆν τήνδε και κατέρχομαι.'	
EΥ	δὶς ταὐτὸν ἡμῖν εἶπεν ὁ σοφὸς Αἰσχύλος.	
⊿I.	πως δίς;	
ET.	σκόπει τὸ ῥῆμ' ἐγὼ δέ σοι φράσω.	
	' ήκω γὰρ ἐς γῆν,' φησί, 'καὶ κατέρχομαι'	
	' ήκω' δὲ ταὐτών ἐστι τῷ 'κατέρχομαι.' 4	65
⊿I.	νη του Δί, ωσπερ γ' εί τις είποι γείτονι,	
	χρησον σὺ μάκτραν, εἰ δὲ βούλει, κάρδοπον.	
ΑΙΣ.	οὐ δήτα τοῦτο ταὐτόν, ἀλλ' ἄριστ' ἔχον.	
	πως δή; δίδαξον γάρ με καθ' ὅ τι δή λέγεις.	
		70
	χωρίς γαρ άλλης συμφορας έλήλυθεν	
	φεύγων δ' άνηρ ήκει τε καί κατέρχεται.	
⊿I.	[rubbing his hands in glee]	
	εὖ νὴ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω. τί σὺ λέγεις, Εὐριπίδη ;	
EΥ.	ού φημλ τὸν Ὀρέστην κατελθεῖν οἴκαδε·	
	λάθρα γὰρ ἡλθεν, οὐ πιθών τοὺς κυρίους. 4	7 5
⊿I.	[with pretended delight]	
	εὖ νὴ τὸν Ἑρμῆν [aside] ὅ τι λέγεις δ' οὐ μανθάι	ω.
ET.	πέραινε τοίνυν έτερον.	
⊿I.	· τοι πέραινε σύ,	
	Αἰσχύλ', ἀνύσας σὰ δ' [to Euripides] εὶς τὸ κακ	òν
	[ἀπόβλει	TE.

$AI\Sigma$. ' τύμβου δ' ἐπ' ὄχθφ τῷδε κηρύσσω πατρί	
	' κλύειν, ἀκοῦσαι.'	
ET.	τοῦθ' ἔτερου αὖ δὶς λέγει,	480
	κλύειν, ἀκοῦσαι, ταὐτὸν ὃν σαφέστατα.	
⊿I.	τεθνηκόσιν γὰρ ἔλεγεν, ὧ μοχθηρὲ σύ,	
	οίς οὐδὸ τρίς λέγοντες έξικνούμεθα.	
$AI\Sigma$	΄. σὺ δὲ πῶς ἐποίεις τοὺς προλόγους;	
ET.	έγὼ φράσω	•
	κάν που δὶς είπω ταὐτόν, ἡ στοιβὴν ίδης	485
	ένοῦσαν ἔξω τοῦ λόγου, κατάπτυσον.	
⊿I.		
	των σων προλόγων της δρθότητος των έπων.	
EΥ.	[grandly] ' ην Οιδίπους τὸ πρώτον εὐδαίμων ἀνή	ο.'
	. [interrupting]	۳,
	μὰ τὸν Δί οὐ δῆτ', ἀλλὰ κακοδαίμων φύσει,	490
	ουτινά γε, πριν φυναι μέν, απόλλων έφη	
	ἀποκτενείν τὸν πατέρα, πρὶν καὶ γεγονέναι,	
	πῶς οὖτος ἦν τὸ πρῶτον εὐδαίμων ἀνήρ;	
ET.		
131.	'εἶτ' ἐγένετ' αὖθις ἀθλιώτατος βροτῶν.'	
475	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ δῆτ', οὐ μὲν οὖν ἐπαύσατο.	4 9 5
21124	πῶς γάρ; ὅτε δὴ πρῶτον μὲν αὐτὸν γενόμενον	#JU
	χειμώνος δυτος έξέθεσαν εν οστράκφ,	
	χειμωνος ουτος εξενευάν εν ου τράκφ, ἵνα μὴ 'κτραφεὶς γένοιτο τοῦ πατρὸς φονεύς·	
	εἶτ' εἰς Πόλυβον ἤρρησεν οἰδῶν τὰ πόδε·	500
	έπειτα γραθν έγημεν αὐτὸς ὧν νέος,	300
ET.	καὶ πρός γε τούτοις τὴν ἐαυτοῦ μητέρα.	
EI.		
	ληρείς έγω δε τους προλόγους καλως ποιω.	

ΑΙΣ.	καὶ μὴν μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ κατ' ἔπος γέ σου κν	ίσω	
	τὸ ῥῆμ' ἔκαστον, ἀλλὰ σὺν τοῖσιν θεοῖς		
	ἀπὸ ληκυθίου σου τοὺς προλόγους διαφθερ	ാം.	
ET.	ἀπὸ ληκυθίου σὰ τοὺς ἐμούς;		
ΑΙΣ.	ένδς μόνου.	506	
	ποιείς γάρ ούτως ώστ' εναρμόττειν άπαν,		
	καλ κωδάριον καλ ληκύθιον καλ θυλάκιον,		
	έν τοις ιαμβείοισι. δείξω δ' αὐτίκα.		
EΥ.	ίδου, συ δείξεις; [scornfully]		
$AI\Sigma$.	φημί.		
ΔI.	καί δη χρη λέγειν.	510	
ET.	[grandly, as all thro' when he is reciting his own p	rologues]	
	΄ Αἴγυπτος, ώς ὁ πλεῖστος ἔσπαρται λόγος	ĵ,	
	΄ ξὺν παισὶ πεντήκοντα ναυτίλφ πλάτη		
	''Αργος κατασχών'		
$AI\Sigma$.	[interrupting rapidly] ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.		
ET.	τουτὶ τί ἢν τὸ ληκύθιον; οὐ κλαύσεται;		
⊿I.	λέγ' ἔτερου αὐτῷ πρόλογου, ἵνα καὶ γνῶ π	άλιν.	
ET.	' Διόνυσος, δς θύρσοισι καλ νεβρών δοραίς	516	
	΄ καθαπτὸς ἐν πεύκαισι Παρνασὸν κάτα	,	
	' πηδậ χορεύων'		
ΑΙΣ.	[as before] ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.		
ΔI.	[with mock-tragic despair]		
	οἴμοι πεπλήγμεθ' αὖθις ὑπὸ τῆς ληκύθου.		
ET.	άλλ' οὐδὲν ἔσται πρᾶγμα· πρὸς γὰρ τουτο	ν ὶ 520	
	τον πρόλογον ούχ έξει προσάψαι λήκυθον	·•	
	' Οὐκ ἔστιν ὅστις πάντ' ἀνὴρ εὐδαιμονεῖ		
	' ή γὰρ πεφυκώς ἐσθλὸς οὐκ ἔχει βίου,		
	' ή δυσγενής ων '	D	

ΑΙΣ.	ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.	
ΔI.	Εὐριπίδη,	
EΥ.	τί ἔστιν ;	
⊿I.	[patronizingly] ὑφέσθαι μοι δοκεῖ.	525
	τὸ ληκύθιον γὰρ τοῦτο πνευσεῖται πολύ.	
ET.	[resolute]	
	οὐδ' ឨν μὰ τὴν Δήμητρα φροντίσαιμί γε	
	νυνλ γὰρ αὐτοῦ τοῦτό γ' ἐκκεκόψεται.	
⊿I.	ἴθι δὴ λέγ' ἔτερον κἀπέχου τῆς ληκύθου.	
ET.	'Σιδώνιόν ποτ' ἄστυ Κάδμος ἐκλιπὼν	530
	''Αγήνορος παις'	
ΑΙΣ.	ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.	
⊿I	[soothingly to Euripides]	
	ὧ δαιμόνι' ἀνδρῶν, ἀποπρίω τὴν λήκυθον,	
	ίνα μη διακναίση τους προλόγους ημών.	
ET.	τὸ τι ;	
	έγὼ πρίωμαι τῷδ' ;	
⊿I.	έὰν πείθη γ' ἐμοί.	
ET.	οὐ δῆτ', ἐπεὶ πολλούς προλόγους ἔξω λέγειν	535
	ίν' οὖτος οὐχ ἔξει προσάψαι λήκυθον.	,
	'Πέλοψ ὁ Ταντάλειος εἰς Πίσαν μολὼν	
	· θοαῖσιν ἵπποις '	
ΑΙΣ.	ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.	
ΔI.	[to Euripides]	
	όρậς, προσηψεν αὖθις αὖ τὴν λήκυθον.	
	[to Aeschylus]	
	άλλ', ὧγάθ', ἔτι καὶ νῦν ἀπόδου πάση τέχνη	540
	λήψει γὰρ ὀβολοῦ πάνυ καλήν τε κάγαθήν	

ET.	'. μὰ τὸν Δί' οὖπω γ'· ἔτι γὰρ εἰσί μοι συχ νοί.					
	' Ο ινεύς ποτ' έκ γης '	•				
$AI\Sigma$	ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.					
ET.	[turning angrily to Aeschylus]					
	ξασον εἰπεῖν πρῶθ' ὅλον με τὸν στίχον.					
	' Οἰνεύς ποτ' ἐκ γῆς πολύμετρον λαβὼν στάχυν, •					
	' θύων ἀπαρχὰς'					
$AI\Sigma$. ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν. —	546				
⊿I.	[comically, pretending to be much concerned]					
	μεταξὺ θύων ; καὶ τίς αὖθ' ὑφείλετο ;					
ET.	[thrusting Dionysus impatiently aside, and speaking eagerly at Aeschylus]					
	ἔασον, ὧ τᾶν πρὸς τοδὶ γὰρ εἰπάτω.					
	' Ζεύς, ώς λέλεκται της άληθείας ὅπο,'					
۵I.	[stopping him]					
	ἀπολεῖ σ' ἐρεῖ γάρ, ληκύθιον ἀπώλεσεν.	5 50				
	τὸ ληκύθιον γὰρ τοῦτ' ἐπὶ τοῖς προλόγοισί σου					
	∞σ περ τὰ σῦκ' ἐπὶ τοῖσιν ὀφθαλμοῖς ἔφυ.					
	[Arschylus goes off chuckling. Dionysus leads away					

SCENE VI.

The same: Pluto still sitting on his throne, watching the trial. DIONYSUS in the centre with a huge pair of scales which he is arranging, preparatory to the final trial between Aeschylus and Euripides. The two latter are standing opposite each other, and Aeschylus is just concluding a song which he has been singing against Euripides.

[Suddenly Dionysus, having arranged his balance, starts up, saying:—]

ΔΙ. παύσασθον ήδη των μελών.

ΑΙΣ κἄμους' ἄλις.
ἐπὶ τὸν σταθμὸν γὰρ αὐτὸν ἀγαγεῖν βούλομαι,
ὅπερ ἐξελέγξει τὴν ποίησιν νῷν μόνον 555
τὸ γὰρ βάρος νὰ βασανιεῖ τῶν ἡημάτων.

- ΔΙ. ίθι νυν παρίστασθον παρά τω πλάστυγγ'.
- AIΣ. καὶ ΕΥ. [standing each by one scale] ὶδού·
- 41. καὶ λαβομένω τὸ ἡῆμ' ἐκάτερος εἴπατον, καὶ μὴ μεθῆσθον, πρὶν ᾶν ἐγὼ σφῷν κοκκύσω.
- AIΣ. καὶ ΕΥ. [each tuking hold of his own scale] ἐχόμεθα.
- ΔΙ. τούπος νῦν λέγετον εἰς τὸν σταθμόν. 560
- ΕΥ. ' είθ' ὤφελ' 'Αργοῦς μὴ διαπτάσθαι σκάφος.'
- AIΣ. Έπερχειὲ ποταμὲ βούνομοί τ' ἐπιστροφαί.'
 [these two verses are recited into the scale, that they may be weighed]
- ΔΙ. κόκκυ, μεθίετε [they let go. ΑΕΒΟΗΥΙ. UB' scale sinks]
 καὶ πολύ γε κατωτέρω
 χωρεῖ τὸ τοῦδε. [pointing to ΑΕΒΟΗΥΙ. UB]

ET.	[surprised] καὶ τί ποτ' ἐστὶ ταἴτιον;	
⊿I.	ότι εἰσέθηκε ποταμόν, ἐριοπωλικῶς	565
	ύγρὸν ποιήσας τούπος ὥσπερ τἄρια,	
	σὺ δ' εἰσέθηκας τοὔπος ἐπτερωμένον.	
ET.	άλλ' έτερον εἰπάτω τι κάντιστησάτω.	
⊿I.	λάβεσθε τοίνυν αδθις.	
ΑΙΣ.	καὶ ET. [taking hold of the scales] ην ίδού.	
⊿I.	heye.	
ET.	΄ οὐκ ἔστι Πειθοῦς ἱρὸν ἄλλο πλὴν λόγος.'	570
	΄ μόνος θεῶν γὰρ θάνατος οὐ δώρων ἐρᾳ.'	
	μεθίετε μεθίετε	
	[they let go; and AESCHYLUS' scale sinks again]	
	καὶ τὸ τοῦδέ γ' αὖ ῥέπει·	
	θάνατον γὰρ εἰσέθηκε βαρύτατον κακῶν.	
EΥ.	έγω δε πειθώ γ', έπος ἄριστ' είρημένον.	
⊿I.	πειθώ δὲ κοῦφόν ἐστι καὶ νοῦν οὐκ ἔχον.	575
	άλλ' έτερον αὖ ζήτει τι τῶν βαρυστάθμων,	
	ο τι σοι καθέλξει, καρτερόν τε καλ μέγα.	
	λέγοιτ' ἄν, ὡς αὕτη 'στὶ λοιπή σφῷν στάσις.	
	[they seize the scales once more, and spout]	
ET.	' σιδηροβριθές τ' έλαβε δεξιᾶ ξύλον.'	
$AI\Sigma$.	' ἐφ' ἄρματος γὰρ ἄρμα καὶ νεκρῷ νεκρός.'	58C
	they let go, and AESCHYLUS' scale drops with a bang to	
	the ground]	
∆ I.	έξηπάτηκεν αὖ σὲ καὶ νῦν.	
ET.	τῷ τρόπφ;	
ΔI.	δύ αρματ' εἰσήνεγκε καὶ νεκρω δύο,	
	οθς οὐκ ἃν ἄραιντ' οὐδ' ἐκατὸν Αἰγύπτιοι.	

AIΣ	. [triumphant and confident]	
	και μηκέτ' έμουγε κατ' έπος, άλλ' ές τον σταθ	uòv
	αὐτός, τὰ παιδί', ή γυνή, Κηφισοφῶν,	5 85
	έμβὰς καθήσθω συλλαβών τὰ βιβλία:	
	έγω δε δύ έπη των εμων ερω μόνον.	
[Did	NYSUS pushes the scales aside, perplexed, and turns to PI who is sitting at the back, watching]	UTO,
⊿I.	ανδρες φίλοι, κάγὼ μὲν αὐτοὺς οὐ κρινῶ.	
	οὐ γὰρ δι' ἔχθρας οὐδετέρφ γενήσομαι.	
	τὸν μὲν γὰρ ἡγοῦμαι σοφόν, τῷ δ' ἤδομαι.	59 .)
$\Pi \Lambda$.	οὐδὲν ἄρα πράξεις ὧνπερ ηλθες οὕνεκα;	
⊿I.	έαν δὲ κρίνω;	
$\Pi \Lambda$.	τὸν ἔτερον λαβὼν ἄπει,	
	οπότερον αν κρίνης, εν' έλθης μη μάτην.	
⊿I.	εὐδαιμονοίης.	
	[comes to the front again, and speaks to the poets]	
	φέρε, πύθεσθέ μου ταδί.	
	έγω κατήλθον έπι ποιητήν.	
ET.	τοῦ χάριν ;	595
ΔI.	ίν' ή πόλις σωθείσα τοὺς χοροὺς ἄγη.	
	όπότερος οὖν ἀν τἢ πόλει παραινέσειν	
	μέλλη τι χρηστόν, τοῦτον ἄξειν μοι δοκῶ.	
	πρώτον μέν οὖν περὶ 'Αλκιβιάδου τίν' ἔχετον	
	γνώμην έκάτερος; ή πόλις γάρ δυστοκεί.	600
ET.	έχει δὲ περὶ αὐτοῦ τίνα γνώμην;	
⊿I.	τίνα ;	
	ποθεί μέν, εχθαίρει δέ, βούλεται δ' έχειν.	
	άλλ' ὅ τι νοεῖτον, εἴπατον τούτου πέρι.	
	•	

F7.00		
ET.	μισῶ πολίτην, ὅστις ἀφελεῖν πάτραν	
	βραδύς φανείται, μεγάλα δὲ βλάπτειν ταχύς,	งงอ
	καὶ πόριμον αὐτῷ, τῇ πόλει δ' ἀμήχανον.	
⊿I.	εὖ γ', ὦ Πόσειδον σὺ δὲ τίνα γνώμην ἔχεις;	
$A\dot{I}\Sigma$. μάλιστα μὲν λέοντα μὴ 'ν πόλει τρέφειν,	
	ην δ' εκτρέφη τις, τοις τρόποις ύπηρετείν.	
⊿I.	[still very much perplexed]	
		610
	ο μεν σοφώς γαρ είπεν, ο δ' έπερος σαφώς.	
ПΛ.	[coming forward] κρίνοις ἄν.	
ΔI.	αύτη σφῷν κρίσις γενήσε	Tal.
	αἰρήσομαι γὰρ ὅνπερ ἡ ψυχὴ θέλει.	
E	μεμνημένος νυν των θεών, οθς ώμοσας,	
EII.	• • •	615
4.7	The analysis he comes, makes too, America	010
⊿I .	[with a solemn voice] ή γλῶττ' ὀμώμοκ'——	
	[clapping AESCHYLUS on the shoulder, with a laugh]	
	Αἰσχύλον δ' αἰρήσομο	aι.
ET.	[dumb-founded]	
	τί δέδρακας, ὧ μιαρώτατ' ἀνθρώπων ;	
⊿I .	ἐ γώ ;	
	ἔκρινα νικᾶν Αἰσχύλον, τιὴ γὰρ οὔ;	
ET.	αἴσχιστον ἔργον προσβλέπεις μ' εἰργασμένος;	
⊿I.	τίδ' αἰσχρόν, ἡν μὴ τοῖς θεωμένοις δοκῆ;	620
	ω σχέτλιε, περιόψει με δή τεθνηκότα;	
	[shaking his head with mock solemnity]	
	τίς οίδεν εί τὸ ζην μέν ἐστι κατθανείν,	
	τὸ πνεῖν δὲ δειπνεῖν, τὸ δὲ καθεύδειν κώδιον;	
	10 When he deciment, to be known known,	

THE FROGS.

ПΛ.	χωρείτε τοίνυν, ὧ Διόνυσ', εἴσω.		
⊿I.		τί δαῖ ;	
ПΛ.	ໃνα ξενίσω σφώ πρίν ἀποπλείν.		625
⊿I.		εὐ τοι λέγεις	
	νη τον Δί ου γαρ άχθομαι τῷ :	πράγματι.	
	ſ <i>R</i>	rount into the na	Jace 1

NOTES.

SCENE 1.

- εἴπω, deliberative subj., 'am I to say.' εἰωθότων, 'the regular
 jokes.' Aristophanes is laughing at the stale artifices of the
 comedians, who tried to raise laughter by constantly introducing overloaded slaves who groaned and grumbled.
- 3. 'Anything you please, except missoual.'
- 4. χολή, 'bile' lit. i.e. 'I am already quite sick of it.'
- 5. dorelov, 'merry.'
- Phrynichos, Lycis, and Ameipsias are other comic poets, whose stage-tricks he is ridiculing.
- 10. σόφισμα, 'trick.'
- πλεῖν, Attic form of πλέον. He means, of course, that the dulness of the jokes ages him.
- ούτοσί, this i is added after οδτος δδε τοιοῦτος and τοσοῦτος, and makes it a little more emphatic.
- 14. τρυφή, 'arrogance' on Xanthias' part. ὅτε (not ὅτε, for this ε is never elided) exactly as we say 'when,' in a half causal sense. 'Is not this great arrogance... when I let him ride and walk myself,' the word 'when' defizing the point in which the arrogance consists.
- 15. Σταμνίου. An unexpected word. The natural word was Διός, 'the son of Zens,' instead of which he says 'the son of Puncheon,' στάμνος being a wine-jar. This kind of joke is common in Aristophanes, and is called παρὰ προεδοκίαν (contrary to expectation).
- 16. ὀχῶ, 'mount,' 'let him ride.'
- 17. ὀχῶ...ταλαιπωροίτο, the wrong sequence, the opt. referring to

- his past intention. 'I walk, (and have been doing so all along) that he might not suffer.'
- 20. ovos = δ ovos.
- 26. ἐναυμάχουν, i.e. at the battle of Arginusae, fought in the September of the previous year (406). The slaves who fought there were set free, which explains Xanthias' wish.
- 27. τὰν = τοι ἄν. κελεύω κωκύειν, 'I bid you wail,' was the common Greek for 'I tell you to go and be hanged.' μακρα only intensifies the kind wish.
- παιδίον, calling to the slave in the house to open the door.
 ημί, other form of φημί, (common in imperfect ην, η).
- κενταυρικῶς, 'like a Centaur.' We might say, 'like a bullcalf,'
 'like a young elephant.'
- 32. ἐνήλαθ ὄστις, 'some one banged at the door, whoever it was.'
- 33. δ παιε, calling Xanthias.
- 37. & δαιμόνιε, 'good sir.'
- 38. ἀποσοβέω, 'to scare away.' σοβέω is the word adopted to express the shoo! shoo! used to scare away birds.
- 39. κροκωτός, (κρόκος, saffron) 'a saffron-coloured robe.'
- νοῦς, 'the sense,' 'the meaning.' κόθορνος, 'slipper' worn by women. ῥόπαλον, 'club.'
- 41. ποῖ γῆς ἀπεδήμεις, the ποῖ implies motion: ἀπεδήμεις does not. Lit. it is; 'to what foreign land did you go, and stay there?' This is called the pregnant construction. Sense; 'In what outlandish parts have you been? ἐπιβατεύω, to serve as ἐπιβάτης or marine, under Clisthenes, as trierarch.
- 44. κοτ' = καὶ εἶτα. ἐξηγρόμην, from ἐξεγείρω.
 Xanthias puts in this remark in a surly aside, to imply that his master is romancing. (It is far better so than to give it to Heracles; for D. goes on with his story to H., which he could hardly do after so rude a reflection.)
- 45. ἀναγιγνώσκω, 'to read.'

- 46. 'The Andromeda,' a play of Euripides.
- 48. ἡλίκος Μόλων, 'as big as Molon' a gigantic actor. (The point is the unexpected turn given by the name Molon, cf. 15.)
- 50. οὐ γὰρ ἀλλ', 'for it is no [joke], but.'
- 51. διαλυμαίνεται, 'consumes.'
- 52. δδελφιδίον (cf. δδελφε, line 50)= δ άδελφιδίον, 'my dear fellow.
- 54. ἔτνος, 'pea-soup.' παρά προςδοκίαν, v. 15.
- 56. 'τέρα = έτέρα, 'must I explain it another way?' (for φράσω, cf. line 1.)
- 58. δαρδάπτει, 'devours,'
- 59. καὶ ταῦτα, 'and that too' tho' he is dead.
- els Αίδου, δῶμα understood. As we say 'to Hobley's' for 'to Hobley's shop.' ἐπ' ἐκεῶνου, 'to fetch him.'
- 64. This is a line from the Oeneus of Euripides. Aristophanes constantly ridicules Euripides by parodies and absurd quotations.
- 65. Iophon, son of Sophocles, himself too a tragedian. According to v. 70 there appears to have been a suspicion that Iophon was helped by his father in his dramas.
- κωδωνίζω, 'to sound.' Used properly of tapping a bell (κώδων) to see if the metal be good. ποιῶ, here 'to write poetry.'
- 74. δ δέ, Sophocles.
- 75. Agathon, a poet of luxurious life, who at the time was in Macedonia, at the court of the wealthy Archelaus.
- 77. μακάρων εὐωχίαν, 'the banquet of the blest.' Heracles expects him to say he is gone to the islands of the blest, meaning that he is dead, instead of which he says (παρὰ προσδοκίαν, cf. line 15) 'the banquet of the blest,' meaning the court of Archelaus.
- 78. Xenocles and Pythangelus, two inferior tragedians.
- 79. où dels hóyos, i.e. 'no one attends to me.'
- 81. μειρακύλλια, dim. of μειράκιον, 'a youth.'
- 83. λαλίστερα, irreg. comp. of λάλος, 'talkative.' σταδίφ as we say in slang 'miles' more chattering.
- 84. ἐπιφυλλίδες are 'the small grapes that never riven,' soa good

instead of quality.

yeldinas paratia,

pretty pirase of Eu

#6. Sarres, 'in a trice.'

- productive powers
- **16. тараконтвоницийн**
- 91. Purases from Eur
- 92. An altesion to th

ή γλέσσ'

'my tongue This line was though in the polytus has p not imaginin it concerned as improper

- 94. 'Pleased?
- 95. cóβαλα, 'k
- 96. µỳ vào ềµê upon my about w
- 97. åregnäs, strong deliber
- 98. Teach cles v
- 100. cará
- 102. AL
- 103. day
- 104, di

- 105. διαίτας, 'lodgings.' πανδοκευτρίαι [παν, δέχομαι], 'hoetesses.'
- 108. μηδὰν ἔτι (λέγε) πρὸς ταῦτα. τῶν ὁδῶν ὅπη, 'by which of the roads.'
- 112. One way to Hades, he says, is by the rope and the bench, i.e. hanging.
- 113. πνιγηρός, 'stifling,' in two senses.
- 114. τετριμμένη, also in two senses. (1), 'a well-worn path;' (2), 'rubbed,' 'ground,' in the mortar.
- 115. θυεία, 'mortar.' κώνειον, 'hemlock.'
- 119. τότε, when you came for Cerberus, 102.
- 122. τυννουτφί, 'as small as this,' accompanied with a gesture, see 12.
- 123. Referring to the custom of putting money (usually one obol, not two) into the dead man's mouth, to pay Charon for his passage.
- 124. τὰ δύ ἀβολά. 2 obols was the price of a ferry to Aegina, also of a ticket for the theatre.
- 125. Theseus, as an old Athenian hero, introduced in Hades the Attic charge of 2 obols.
- 128. βόρβορος, 'mud.' σκῶρ, 'dung.' ἀείνως [ἀεὶ, νάω, 'flow'], 'everflowing.'
- 131. ἀλοάω, 'to thrash.'

FORM, S

or this

- 133. He considers Morsimus such a bad poet, that to copy a passage from him is worse than undutifulness or perjury.
- 135. ἐνθάδε, 'here' on earth; the light in Hades being mostly very dim.
- 136. μυρρινών, 'a myrtle-grove.' θlagor, 'a troop.'
- 138. μεμισημένοι, 'the initiated' into the Eleusinian mysteries.
 - 79. over of year a 'An ass celebrating the mysteries;' all that the ass did being to care as acred implements. i.e. 'others be pleasure by the labour of the festival.' It

burial. Soris, &c., 'who is a carry the luggage.

e it.

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- 182. φλυαρεῖν ἔχων, 'to play the fool.' The ἔχων is an idiomatic use of the participle, giving an idea of continuance. ἀντιβάς, 'setting your feet against' the stretcher. οὐ μή, cf. 268.
- 183. ελαύνω, is 'to row.'
- 184. ἀσαλαμίνιος, 'no Salaminian,' i.e. no seaman.
- 186. ἐμβάλλω, 'put (oar) in (the water).'
- 187. βατράχων κύκνων, 'swanfrogs,' i.e. sweet singing frogs. κατακέλευε, 'give the time,' the κέλευσμα being a kind of chant, with which the rowers kept in time. Here the frogs take it up.
- 189. These words merely imitate the frogs' croak. Notice the contrast between the charming lyric song of the frogs, and the snappish answers of Dionysus, as he gets more and more irritated with the βρεκεκεκέξ, and sorer and sorer with rowing.
- 192. ξύναυλον, [αὐλός, flute] 'in concert with flutes.' βοάν, ἐμάν, instead of βοήν, ἐμήν, this dialectic change being adopted in the choruses.
- 193. εΰγηρυς, 'melodious' [γῆρυς, voice].
- 195. Νυσήϊον, as Nysa was the mythical home of Dionysus.
- 197. Λίμναι, 'the swamps,' was part of Athens near the Ilissus, where stood the Lenaeon, the oldest temple of Dionysus. laχέω, 'to utter.'
- 203. 'With your roaf and all.' He has to go on rowing; the noise irritates him; the pace increases; the blisters rise; and his temper gives way.
- 205. πολλά πράττειν, 'to be a meddler.'
- 207. κεροβάτας, 'stepping on hoofs' [κέρας, horn].
- 209. φλυκταίνας, 'blisters' [φλύω, swell].
- 212. 'Nay, we will sing all the more, if ever in hot summer days, &c.'
- 215. κύπειρος, 'water-flag,' φλέως, 'red-grass.'
- ἔνυδρον .. χορείαν αἰδλαν, 'a lively dance-song in the water depths.'
- 220. πομφολυγοπαφλάσμασιν, a word imitating the sound, 'with bursting gurgling bubbles.'

- 224. rapa = ro: apa. Sense: 'then it will be bad for us.'
- 228. οἰμώζετ', 'squall away.'
- 230. φάρυγξ, 'throat.' χανδάνω, 'to gape.
- 240. ἔμελλον, lit., 'I was going to.' i.e. 'I thought I should.'
- 241. κωπίον, 'the pole.'
- 242. ναῦλον, 'fare' [ναῦς].
- 252. ἀλαζονεύομαι, 'to humbug,' 'exaggerate,' 'rhodomontade.'
- 253. φιλοτιμούμενος, 'out of mere jealousy.'
- 254. γαῦρον, 'haughty.' This is a parody from Euripides, οὐδὲν γὰρ οὕτω γαῦρον ὡς ἀνὴρ ἔψυ.
- 256. ἀγώνισμα, lit. 'contest.' So 'adventure.'
- 257. καὶ μήν, used in introducing a new subject or new person. Various translations suit various places. 'Holloa!' 'But see!' 'Again,' 'And yet,' &c.
- 261. παντοδαπός, 'all kinds of things.'
- 262. ποτè μέν—ποτè δέ, 'at one time—at another.' ὀρεύς [ὅρος, mountain], 'a mule.'
- 263. "Εμπουσα, a spectre sent by Hecate to frighten travellers in dark and mysterious places, which could assume all shapes.
- 265. βολίτινον, 'of cow-dung.' A comic exaggeration of the current strange descriptions of these creatures.
- 267. ξυμπότης, 'messmate,' referring to the splendour of the feasts at which Dionysus' priest presided. It is comical that the god should in his terror turn to his own priest for protection. The priest sits on the front benches, as the plays were always acted at the festival of Dionysus.
- 268. οὐ μὴ καλεῖς με; lit., 'Will you not not call me?' 'Won't you stop calling me?' ɨ.e. 'Don't call me.'
- 273. The actor Hegelochus, when repeating Euripides, (Orestes, 279,) ἐκ κυμάτων γὰρ αὐθις αὖ γαλήν ὁρῶ, accidentally dropped his voice, so that the γαλήν sounded like γαλῆν; and instead of meaning 'for after all the storm I see a calm,' it meant

- 'for after all the storm I see a weasel.' We, says Xanthias, may apply to our state that line Hegelochus is so fond of.
- 278. Dionysus forgets he is a god.
- 279. Referring to 91.
- 281. δάδων αύρα, 'the mystic breath of torches.' Because the initiated at the mysteries shook their torches, and the smoke was supposed to purify.
- 283. ηρεμί, 'quietly.' πτήσσω, 'to crouch.'
- 288. A cut at Diagoras of Melos, who wrote impious and profane sarcasms on the popular theologies. 'Iacchus, whom Diagoras celebrates.' The Iacchus-song was sung on the fifth day of the Eleusinian mysteries. The introduction of it here would be peculiarly touching to the Athenians, as the war had prevented its due celebration for several years past.

SCENE 3.

- 292. ούπιχώριοι = οἱ ἐπιχώριοι.
- 293. γεύομαι, lit., 'taste,' so 'try.' οὐ μή, cf. 268.
- 294. 'Having the spirit as well as the dress of Heracles.'
 καθ' 'Ηρακλέα = 'after the manner of Heracles.'
- 296. Aeacus, here represented as a servant of Pluto, bursts out upon the supposed Heracles, with violent exaggerated tragic denunciations. The ground of his abuse is that Heracles took away Cerberus and throttled him. βδελυρέ, 'abominable' [βδέω, stink].
- 300. ἔχει, passive.
- 302. αίματοσταγής [αίμα, στάζω, drop], 'blood-dripping.'
- 303. The 'coursing dogs of Cocytus' are the Furies.
- 305. διασπαράσσω, 'to rend.' πνεύμων, 'lungs' [πνέω.]
- 306. μύραινα, 'lamprey.' Tartessus is the modern Cadiz. Being in the mystic remote West, it was supposed to contain strange monsters. νεφρώ, 'kidneys.'

- 307. αὐτοῖσιν ἐντέροισιν, cf. αὐτῷ κοάξ, supra, 203.
- 309. 'I will start a racing foot,' a tragic phrase.

 'Tithragian' for Tithrag was an Attic dama where it
 - 'Tithrasian,' for Tithras was an Attic deme, where the females had shrewish tongues. 'Gorgons of Billingsgate.'
- 317. ληματιάω [λημα, spirit], 'to be courageous.'
- 319. ἀφοβόσπλαγχνος, 'of fearless heart.'
- 320. ἐν τῷ μέρει, 'in my turn.'
- 321. οὐ γὰρ ἀλλά (50).
- 323, cf. 294.
- 326. η θεός, Proserpine.
- 327. πέττω, 'bake,' ἔψω, 'boil.' κατερικτός, 'bruised' (peas), [έρείκω, break], 'pots of bruised peas' soup.'
- 328. $\frac{\partial \pi}{\partial x} \frac{\partial \pi}{\partial y} \frac{\partial \pi}{\partial y}$
- 329. τέμαχος, 'fish-cutlet.'
- 332. ἐπίσχες, 'stop.' σπουδὴν ποιεῖσθαι, 'to count it as in earnest.'
 'You don't really think I was in earnest?'
- 333. ἐνσκευάζω, 'to dress up.'
- 834. σὐ μη φλυαρήσεις έχων. cf. supra, line 182, 268.
- 337. άδωκας = \hat{a} έδωκας. οὐ τάχ' άλλ' ήδη, 'not soon, but now.'
- 338. 'I will call you to witness this treatment, and entrust my cause to the gods.' 'I protest, I invoke the gods!' Common phrases when a man thought himself ill-used.
- 339. $\pi o iois \theta \epsilon o is$, contemptuously, 'gods indeed!'
- 340. 'Αλκμήνης, '[son] of Alcmena,' who was the mother of Heracles [aspirated, because it is for δ 'Αλκμήνης.]
- 844. mardokelor, 'the inn.'
- 346. τινί is, of course, Dionysus.
- 347. σκόροδα, 'garlic.'
- 349. κόθορνοι, 'buskins' being a female's dress.
- 350. τάριχος, 'dried fish.'
- 351. τυρόν χλωρόν, 'fresh cheese.' [χλωρός, lit. 'green.']
- 352. τάλαρος, 'cheese-basket.' [τάλαν, spoken to Πανδοκ. a.]
- 353. πράττομαι, 'to exact,' 'to dun.'

- 354. δριμύ, 'sour.' μυκάομαι, 'to bellow.'
- 355. τούτου πάνυ τούργον, 'the deed is his all over,' 'just like him.
- 356. δοκῶν, 'pretending.'
- 357. Cleon and Hyperbolus, the two great demagogues, were both dead [Cleon in 422, Hyperbolus in 411], and therefore to be found in Hades somewhere.
- 361. γομφίους, 'grinders.'
- 363. βάραθρον, a deep rocky chasm at Athens, with hooks in the sides, where criminals were thrown.
- 365. δρέπανον, 'a sickle.' φ refers to λάρυγγα. χόλικας, 'tripe.'
- 373. ἀφέλωμαι, 'take away,' i.e. the dress of Heracles.
- 375. 'And Archedemus the blear-eyed.' This was the demagogue who took a prominent part in bringing the trouble on the Arginusae generals.

It is amusing enough that Dionysus should swear a solemn imprecation like an Athenian paterfamilias, but the absurd παρὰ προεδοκίαν 'κἀρχέδημος ὁ γλάμων' adds the finishing touch.

376. ἐπὶ τούτοις, 'on these conditions.'

SCENE 4.

- 377. κυνοκλόπον, 'dog-stealer,' referring to Cerberus, 299.
- 379. οὖκ ἐς κόρακας, 'go to the crows.' Lit., 'will you not, &c.
- 384. βασανίζω, 'to torture.'
- 386. κλίμαξ, 'a ladder.'
- 387. ὑστριχίς, 'a scourge. δέρω, 'to flay.'
- 388. στρεβλόω, 'to rack.'
- 389. πλίνθος, 'brick,' πράσος, 'garlic,' γητεῖον, 'leek.' Masters were allowed, when their slaves were tortured, to forbid any specially cruel torture. Xanthias, of course, excepts the lightest of all, for a joke.
- 891. πηρόω, 'maim.' In case a slave was maimed, the owner was

- compensated. Xanthias with mock-generosity refuses this compensation.
- 394. αὐτοῦ, 'on the spot.' κατ' ὀφθαλμούς, 'to your face.' μὲν οὖν, cf. 212. 495.
- 395. ὅπως ἐρεῖς, '(mind) you say,' lit. [ὅρα] ' see how you shall say.'
- 398. alrıa, 'blame' yourself, i.e. for any ill consequences that may befall you for beating a god.
- 400. $\phi \eta \mu i =$ 'yes, I heard it.'
- 404. τύπτει, passive.
- 406. προτιμάν, 'to care.'
- 409. dποδύεσθε, 'strip' for beating.
- 411. πληγήν παρά πληγήν, 'with alternate blows.'
- 412. ὑποκινέω, 'to flinch,' [κινέω, move].
- 415. πταίρω, 'to sneeze.' They both pretend not to feel it.
- 417. ἀνύω, 'to make haste.' ἀτταταῖ, 'oh dear!'
- 419. He explains away his exclamation, by saying he was thinking of the Heraclea [his own festival, in his character as Heracles] in the deme of Diomea. This had not been celebrated lately, on account of the war, so he might well be sad about it.
- 421. Dionysus absurdly explains away both his cry and his tears.
- 422. κρόμμυον is, of course, 'an onion.'
- 424. $\tau \tilde{a} \rho' = \tau o i \tilde{a} \rho a$.
- 425. ἄκανθα, 'a thorn.' Of course there is no thorn; it is only to explain his cry.
- 427. He promptly finishes the line, and makes it seem that his cry of pain "Απολλον, was only the beginning of a quotation. In 432 he does the same.
- 430. λάγων, 'flank.' σποδέω, 'to dust' in slang sense.
- 433. πρῶν, 'a headland,' meaning, perhaps, Sunium. μέδω, 'to rule.'
- 438. ἄτ' ὄντε, 'as being.'

SCENE 5.

- 441. και μήν, cf. 257. προλόγους, 'the prologues' of his plays.
- 442. ὅπως.. βασανιῶ. ὅπως with future borders on ὅπως with subj., 'to see how I can test.'
- 444. φράσει, 'telling,' 'narration.' ἀσαφής, 'obscure.' This could not be said of Euripides, who was circumstantial to a fault.
- 446. The three plays Agamemnon, Choephoroe, and Eumenides, were acted together, and called the Trilogy of the Orestea; as they were all about the story of Orestes.
- 448. The prologue of the Choephoroe. Hermes Chthonius conducted the souls of the dead. 'That watchest over thy father's power,' i.e. committed to thee. Orestes says these lines at the tomb of his father Agamemnon at Argos.
- 452. τρία, i.e. 3 lines.
- 456. σωπώ, deliberative; cf. v. 1.
- 457. οὐράνιον ὅσον, [lit. 'heavenly,' or 'immense how great';]
 i.e. to an immense extent. There are other similar phrases,
 e.g. θαυμασίως ὡς. They are attractions.
- 465. τῷ κατέρχομαι, 'as the word κατέρχομαι.'
- 467. μάκτρα, 'a kneading trough.' κάρδοπος, 'a trough to knead in.' Two names for the same thing.
- 469. καθ' δ, τι, 'in what respect.'
- 470. 'To come to a land is possible for any one who has a share in his country.' The subtle argument is, It is no repetition to say ήκει καὶ κατέρχεται; a citizen ήκει, but only an exile ήκει καὶ κατέρχεται.
- 475. Euripides' answer is still more subtle, a very good instance of these fine hair splittings which Aristophanes objected to. He says in substance this;
 - κατέρχομαι implies a formal legal return; now Orestes returned clandestinely without permission from the authorities.

The κύριοι in this case were Clytemnestra and Aegisthus.

- 478. 'Look out for the fault.' arivas, 'with speed.'
- 479. Continuing the quotation from Choeph. δχθος, 'a mound.'
- 483. εξικνούμεθα, 'we can reach,' i.e., make them hear.
- 485. στοιβήν, 'padding,' a word put in to fill up.
- 486. ἔξω τοῦ λόγου, 'foreign to the subject.'
- 487. μοὐστὶν = μοι ἐστίν. 'For really I must listen to.' οὐ γὰρ ἀλλ'; cf. 50.
- 491. $\delta \pi o \lambda \lambda \omega \nu = \delta \Lambda \pi o \lambda \lambda \omega \nu$.
- 495. οὐκ [ἐγένετο], 'he did not become unhappy, he never ceased being so.' μὲν οὖν, corrective, 'no, rather;' cf. 212.
- 496. ὅτε, just as we say, 'he must have been always miserable, when they exposed him,' &c. Cf. v. 15.
- 497. δστράκφ, 'a basin.'
- 499. ἤρρησε, [ἔρρειν], 'to go.' οἰδῶν, 'swelling,' whence his name, according to the myth. Laius, king of Thebes, being told that his son would kill him, gave orders that his feet should be pierced and tied together, and he should be exposed on Cithaeron. A shepherd found him and took him to Polybus of Corinth. Hearing that he was destined to slay his father, and marry his mother, he left Corinth; and afterwards unwittingly fulfilled the oracle.
- 503. καὶ μήν, cf. 257. κατ' ἔπος, 'word by word.' κνίζω, 'to prick,' 'carp at.'
- 505. ληκύθιον, 'a grease-pot.
- 507. &ςrε, &c. 'So that anything fits on to the lines, a fleece, or grease-pot, or meal-bag.' He is ridiculing the dull uniformity of rhythm, breaking the lines with exactly the same caesura. To prologue after prologue he fits on the absurd end 'lost a little grease-pot,' exactly filling up the metre and the sense.

Aristophanes objected to the narrative prologues of Euripides altogether; and selected this as the easiest way of ridiculing them.

512. πλάτη, ' oai '

- 514. οὐ κλαύσεται, lit. 'shall it not weep?' i.e. 'plague take it !' cf. 158.
- 516. θύρσος, an ivy-wreathed staff, carried by the Bacchanals.
 νεβρῶν, 'fawns.'
- 517. καθαπτός, clothed.' (καθ-ἄπτω).
- 525. ὑφέσθαι [metaphor probably from sails], 'to submit.'
- 526. πνευσείται, 'will blow a gale,' keeping up the metaphor.
- 528. ἐκκεκόψεται, 'will be knocked out of his hands.'
- 529. κἀπέχου = καὶ ἀπέχου.
- 532. ἀποπρίασθαι, 'buy up.' διακναίω, 'tear to pieces'
- 584. Cf. 1.
- 536. "va, 'where,' 'to which.'
- 537. Prologue of the Iphigenia in Tauris, still extant.
- 540. ἀπο-δίδομαι [lit. 'to give away for your own profit'], 'to sell,' πάση τέχνη, 'by all means.'
- 541. λήψει, i.e., 'you can buy another cheap.' ὀβολοῦ, genitive of price.
- 542. συχνοί, 'plentiful.'
- 544. στίχον, 'verse.'
- 545. στάχυς, lit. 'ear,' so 'abundant ear' = 'a good crop.'
- 546. ἀπαρχάς, 'first fruits.'
- 552. σῦκα, lit. 'figs,' so 'warts' from the shape. On the eyes, they will probably be what are called 'styes.'

SCENE 6.

The trial is now to be one of weight, which poet makes the heaviest verses. So the scales are brought, and the experiment made.

- 554. σταθμόν, a 'balance.'
- 556. βάρος, nom. (
- 557. πλάστιγξ, 'a scale.'
- 558. λαβομένω, 'taking hold.' Middle voice, like έχόμεθα, below.
- 559. κοκκύζω, 'say cuckoo!' the signal for them to let gr the scales.

- 561. 'Would that the hull of Argo,' &c., from Medeia, line 1.
- 562. βούνομοι [βοῦς νέμω], 'cattle-feeding.' ἐπιστροφαί, 'pastures.'
- κδ5. ἐριοπωλικῶς [ἔριον, 'wool-fleece,' πωλεῖν, 'sell'], 'like a fleece-seller' who put in water to make the wool weigh more.
- 567. ἐπτερωμένον, 'winged,' viz., διαπτάσθαι.
- 568. ἀντιστησάτω, 'let him weigh it against mine.'
- 570. ίρόν, 'temple.'
- 575. νοῦν ἔχειν, 'to have sense,' 'to be sensible.
- 577. καθέλξει, 'pull down,' i.e., your scale.
- 578. στάσ:s, 'a weighing.' λέγοιτ' ἄν, a mild imperative.
- 579. Euripides tries a heavy thing this time, but Aeschylus outweighs him.
- 583. Αλγύπτιοι, accustomed to burdens.
- 585. Κηφισοφῶν, a person who lived with Euripides, and was supposed to have written some parts of his tragedies.
- 586. βιβλία, for Euripides' large library was famous.
- 589. $\delta i' \tilde{\epsilon}_{\chi}\theta\rho\alpha s$, 'at enmity.'
- 590. τὸν μέν is Euripides. He has already calmed down his eager desire for Euripides into a feeling that he is σοφός, 'clever,' and he begins to incline to Aeschylus.
- 595. $\tau o \hat{v} = \tau i \nu o s$: 'for the sake of what,' 'why?' $\epsilon \pi i$, v. 102.
- 596. τοὺς χόρους ἄγη, 'hold its choruses' at the great Dionysia.
- 600. δυστοκεί, 'is in her pangs.'
- 606. πόριμον, 'helpful.' ἀμήχανον, 'helpless.'
 This is a very subtle parody of Euripides' sententious style, as the following is of the grand simple poetic images of Aeschylus.
- 610. δυσκρίτως ἔχω, 'I am perplexed how to decide.' ἔχω, with a participle, expressing a state. δ μὲν is Euripides.
- 615. ἢ μήν, after oaths 'that you would surely . . .'
- 616. A gloriously comic turn given to the line out of the Hippolytus, quoted above.
- 619. προςβλέπεις, 'can you look me in the face?'

620. Another parody of Euripides.

622. Another splendid parody on Euripides' lines.

τίς οἶδεν, εἶ τὸ ζῆν μέν ἐστι κατθανεῖν

τὸ κατθανεῖν δὲ ζῆν κάτω νομίζεται;

'who knoweth, whether living be not death,

'or death be counted living there below?'

κώδιον, 'a fleece.'

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